True History of the Tragicke loves o Posso and Is ABESE Veapolitans, The Jecond Edition ondon Printed by Thomas Harper 16 and are to he fold by Richard Meighen at his sho

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To the Volume.

humane and divine,
humane and divine,
Sime all forts line,
what fels lifes facredline,
And with that life the foule puts wnder
Presse.
Me thinks should render rich Men, Midass:
Here then the immortall soule is sold,
with life
Of two, by Loue made one, in Man and
Wife.

Loue breeds Opinion, and Opinion Loue, In whose Orbs all the liberall Sciences moue.

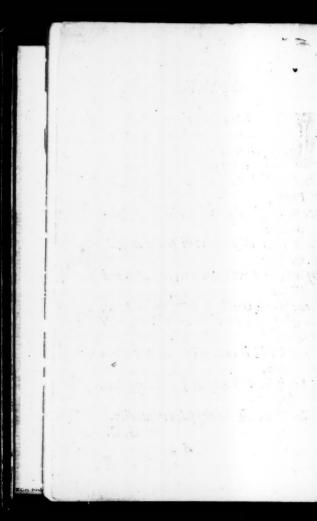
All which contracted in one Tragedy, Sell (great Octavius,) and Augustus

be,

In all worth for the Gle commedity

In all worth, for thy fale commodity.

G. G.





TRVE HISTORY

of the tragicke loues of Hipolito and Isabella, Neapolitans.



Mongst all the accidents that vsually draw men into the greatest admiration & astonishment, there are none so strange or prodigious as those

which Loue produceth: A passion, or rather sury, so violent, as that, ouer-throwing the reason and vnderstanding of those it seazeth, it leaves them no consideration of the event of what it makes them vndertake. And although

the examples of the warres, energions of Kingdomes and effaces, with the errors it hath caused the wifest men to commit, and the ruines inte which it hath precipitated the greatest personages, be so ordinaryas no man can be ignorant of them ; yet wee finde scarce one that will make the right vie of them; nevertheleffe, they ought to be knowne, to the end that some more happy than the rest, may by the reprefentation of others miferies, be diperted from falling into the like. Amongst the chiefest where this passion hath displaied her tragicall effects; This of which I now undertake to write, deserues remarkable place.

fertile in high and noble spirits, and capable of the greatest & sullest fruits of vertue of vice, and also the most amorous and subject to love of all other Nations: which hath been the occasion

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erfi- that the men (finding this inclination with focommon and naturall to them) have rifelt ordained the lawes for the lines of wointo men fo ftrict & feuere in their reftraint. atelt to which they subject them, as not afman fured of their chastities without the infinde lerdiction of the fight and frequentatie vie on of men, excepting onely the conuerhe to fation of their neere allies. Now a. more mongstall the Townes of Italy, where pre- vertues and faire exercises are in greatest erted accommendation, and where is comthe monly the best and noblest company, plai- Waples is one of the chiefe, and where hich there is a greater liberty then in other ies a Cities of the Countrey. In this Citie there lived a Gentleman, Fabritio by gion name, who as well for the much defert d ca- of his vertues, as for the noblenes of his its of descer, held the place of one of the most mo-honoured Magistrates of the Citie; In Na-which charge he so wel demeaned himafion felfe, and got himfelfe fo good a reputa-B 2 tion

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tion, as having buried one Wife; hee married a fecond, of birth and meanes much aboue his owne: for though both Nature and Fortune had yeelded him enough, yet they both had more aduantaged her than him. This Woman by name Linia, had to her first Husbanda Lord of the best bloud of the Country, who left her two children, the eldest named Pompeio, the or ther Cornelio. Fabritio had by his first Wife amongst other children a daughter named Isabella, thewhich befides an excellent beauty with which the was adorned, was endowed with fo great an understanding, as she seemed not onely to surpasse those of her age, (which was then about fifteene or fixteene yeares) but to leave short of her, all those that ever nature had produced excellent of her fex, in fuch fort as the was effeemed and admired of all as the wonder of her time. And that which yeelded 100

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yeelded her more lufter, was a certaine braue and proud fashion, but suted with a sweetnesse agreeable to her age and condition, that made her loued and fea. red both at once. Those whom Nature hath given to tafte the sweetnesse of a fatherly loue, may imagine what pleasure and contentment Signiour Fabritio received in being tather of many hopefull children, especially of so rare a treasure as this daughter, being withall fauoured with fo great an increase of fortunes, and conuenience (by this fecond marriage) to breed & more highly aduance his children, and chiefly his Isabella: for whom he & his wife Livia had defigned a marriage with Pompeio (her eldeft sonne by her first Husband) who of her part also was most glad to haue so happily found for her selfe so good a Daughter, and her Son fo fairea Wife, breeding her more carefully then if the had been her naturall child. The good B 3

good and commendable project of this marriage being agreed on by these Parents, and wheron they built the principall happinesse of their house and family, brought them much more ruine then it had promised them contentment; being the ordinary pleafure of fortune to build vpon the foundation of our defignes, events most contrary to our hopes. This Maid to whom the greatnesse of her wit (with her knowledge of Letters) did advance the difcourse of her soule to the judging of things farre aboue her fex, or what her age might seeme to beare, did make her also disdaine that which shee thought vnworthy of her faire parts, bestowing her time more on privacy than converfation, partly in study, partly in Muficke; sometime marrying with her In-Arument her voice, which she had perfeatly (weet; fometime vfing her Needle in working some rare Story, or curi-

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ous Hieroglifique, that every thing might bee a witnesse of the well spen-

ding of her time.

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Being arrived at the seventeenth yeere of her age, shee had notice given her by her father of her appointed husband, with much discourse of the sense she ought to have of so good a fortune. To which shee made such answer, as a Father may expect from such a daughter; who besought him onely to leave yet a while some liberty to her youth, and time to frame her selfe to the obedience of a Husband.

Livia being discreet and wise, and knowing many impersections in her Sonne, had lest him to abide ever since her marriage in a Countrey house of hers, some eight or ten miles from Naples, where she kept discreet and well-fashioned people about him, to the end to correct and some way amend the ill habits of his minde and body, for cer-

B 4 tainly

tainly hee was borne unpleasing to the eye, and very vncapable of any thing gentle or vertuous : but as it is vnpoffible to ouercome fo great an enemy as Nature, (which though you beat from you, yet will returne againe) fo proued the care of his Mother, and the paine of those about him most vnprofitable to this young man, who having attained to the age of twenty two yeeres, was then aduertifed by his Mother of her intention for his marriage, of which the beauty of this faire Maid made him fo greedily defirous, that after his first fight of her he had no disposition to be from his Mistresse, who then began to looke better upon him then face was woont to doe before shee knew her Fathers pleasure. So frequentation made her know him, and her knowledge of him to disdaine him; her disdaine bred harred, her hate despaire, and despaire those strange resolutions in her that you fhall

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stime an Vncle of hers, called Hipolito, was returned home from Bolonia, where he had remained foure or fine yeeres, as well to study, as to learne Horsmanship, Fencing, Musick, and other commendable parts besitting a Gentlemans in which having bestowed himselfe to the age of one or two & twenty yeeres, his elder Brother (who assumed the office of a Father) thought it sit to call him home to aduste with him of the settling of his estate.

This young man being returned to Naples, faire mannered, handsome, that knew to dresse himselfe well, and whose speech was gracefull and pleafing, was sorthwith knowne and affected of all, but chiefly of his Necce, with whom (as well through the affinity of their natures and yeeres, as of their blood) hee was received into that peculiar degree of friendship and primacy,

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as if he had been her brother; yea more they had fo great a communication and mutuall relation each with other, as they were growne to esteeme it an in-iury to themselues not to make each mafter of the others neerest thoughts. They had not long lived in this fallion. when the young Maid acquainted him with her appointed marriage, and her little affection to it, complaining much of the cruelty of her fortune, and the senere resolution of her Father, to couple her with a man fo ill futing her in enery thing, and who (letting afide the advantage of his birth and meanes) had

nothing in him remarkable, The company of this Vncle of hers increased still her disdaine against her louer, by the approofe hee gaue of her opinion of the others wants, whose company annoyed them both more then they were pleased with, in such fort, as they fought all meanes to free

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themselves of it, and retire to reading and other mutuall pleasures betweene themfelues. But as it is casie and most ordinary for extremities even in vertuousthings to flip into vices, fo this excellent friendship could not long containe it selfe within the bounds and limits of his duty, but growing to a farther liberry by their private frequentation, began to becaccompanied with a certaine vnmeasured doting vpon this retirednesse, and a melancholy passionate griefe in ablence each of the other, and a loathing of all other company, andin conclusion, (it being the custome of their age to discourse of loue more then any other fubicat) loue fo mingled with them, that it became the mafter of both their hearts. And although their yeeres had as yet given them little practife in this affaire, and that feare tooke from him, and shame from her, the ordinary meanes of declaring their affections :

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The Tragicall History

affections; yet the quicknesse of both their apprehensions made them both soone acquainted with their reciprocal passions. Which incouraged Hipolita one time among the rest, to take this advantage of a discourse they had had of love, and the thraldome his subjects live in, and speake to this purpose.

Certainly Neece I have read a maxime, which I now receive for puter truth then heretofore, that men cannot rightly judge or discourse of the true quality of any paffion, without having had some triall or feeling of it himselfe, and whereas I have divers times with your felfe and others, inforced in my discourses what I had read and heard of the strange effects of love, and how there is no passion, nor any part of the foulethat yeelds not to it, and that reason and prudence are able to make but weake resistance against it, yet I must confesse I spake rather for arguments

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ments take, then beleeving in the truth of what I related, effeeming indeed, that affect the easiest to governe and hide of most others. But I must now confesse all true, and much more then I could have said or can, that might expresse the admirable effects that love produces, and strong hand it holds

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How now Vncle ! (answered shee) will the lawes of our friendship allow this, that you have thought one thing, and spoken another to me? Pardon me Neece (answered Hipolito) it hath not beene that I would barre you of any thought in my bosome, nor that I would, or alas could hide this from you; feare onely hath denied mee the libertie, Neither thinke (I beseech you) that I would any way offend you, or faile in the least cause of a friends dutie, but rather double my respect and observance, as the subject and cause is increased : BUTT

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increased, and will beleeve that the occasion of this discourse is happened mee by fate, to remove my feare, and give you some occasion to appl proue the power of this Deity in mee, whom of a free man it bath made a captine, and inflead of that Vnele and friend, I have beene hitherto to you, your feruant and vaffall; and turned all my free thoughts into fo denoted an observance, that they have no will left to will any thing but obedience to your thoughts, to honour you, to defire you, and laftly, to make mee fo acceptable to you, as to bee by you, onely effeemed worthy your affection.

The teares and earnest sighes that accompanied these words, stayed them there, and made her no less amazed at their vnexpected nouelty, then troubled and doubtfull, what answer shee might sittest make to them: the conformity of her passion of the one side

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more then halfe yeelding, and of the other, her maiden balhfulnesse drawing her with no leffe violence backe; at last after a little filence, the witnesse of some change in her thoughts, quoth face, I doe now finde it true that I have heard wife people fay; that a vertuous and faire appearance often couers a vitious designe; and for this reason, if solitude had not beene ordained to our fexe, I had so disposed of my selfe, as to shunne the vnhappy consequence, which ordinarily (by my observation) follow the focietie and haunting with men, even those that opinion rankes amongst the honestest, but you I thought lo innocent of diffembled purpoles, and all your courles so led by vertue, as nothing but your selfe could haue perswaded mee (I being what I am) you would have intended any thing against that which I shall ever hold decrer then my life, I fee the too much

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much necrenesse I have allowed you, gives the boldnesse to take this aduantage, (or it may be the gueffing mee too casie,) to trie and know the dispofition of my humour, it being otherwayes impossible you should attempt the honour of one so neere you, as nanature binds you to the preservation of it ; but fince it is thus, I hope hereafter to let you better fee, I detest these things, and neither your subtiltie nor company please me.

Those which being yong beginners in loue, haue to an extreme passion, receined such a refusall, may conceine the anguish this answere brought to poore Hipolito, who thought hee heard a fentence against his life; and losing colour, speech, and vnderstanding, remained a good while without speaking; at last returning to himselfe as from an extacy, with a trembling voyce, as full of fighes as words, hee made this an-

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fwer. If my fortune have led me to an enterprize to harmefull to my felfe, and to you so offensive ; your perfections, the divine force of love, or my cruell destinies, not my will must be accused; which hath but by violent necessitie offended you. O be satisfied with the infinitie of those other miseries that I fce prepared for me, without adding to them the privation of your company, and leave me yet the short comfort of that trouble, whereof I hope ere long, by the end of my life to deliver you,& my felfe by the same meane, from the punishment of my rashnesse, the which I carneftly befeech you not to imagine to have beene guided by any craft or subtiltie. I have all my life had this vice of diffimulation in too great a horror to bee able now to use it; especially with you, towards whom (though it were familiar to me) yet the laws of my affinitie and love would forbid it

me.

mee: Beleeve mee, truth accompanies my wordes; and the respect of your honour, my intentions: which have no other end then the assurance of your fauour, and of a more particular affection then friendship may dispence with you to beare to another: 'tis no breach or your honour that I pretend vnto; no more then I will hope you may think belongs to me, being but so farre a preferring me before others, as the obligation of nature, and our vowed frindship makes to become due to me.

He was beginning to fay more, when one came to call them to supper: so as a stable had onely leisure to tell him that shee was to heare no more of those matters: which thrust him yet farther into despaire; by which occasion, and the many teares hee had shed, his face was so changed, that hee was faine to perswade his brother and sister in law that hee was not well, so excusing him selfer

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felfe for not supping, he went to a house of another of his brothers, a Notary, a rich man, and there lodged with another fourth brother named Scipio, somewhat elder then himselfe, where hee lay with opinion of enery one that hee was fick as hee feemed, and removed his brother from his chamber, to the end to enioy more fully the libertie of his plaints and Paffions, which all the night held him in such vnreft, as he not onely flept not, but fell into a feauer, a fit bodily disguise for the affliction of his minde. Hee lay foure daies contending in his reason, with loue for the mastery: and to beat him from the hold hee had got in him, but alas, what reliftance can men make against gods? Hee was already in the fnare, which the more hee ftrugled to get free of, still the faster held him, and was forced backe to the pursuit of his vnfortunate loue. Hee refol-C 2 ned

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g him felfe ued to take more courage, and to write to his mistreffe, fince hee had neither meanes nor affurance to fee her.

She was no leffe divided, by as great a civill warre of loue, fometimes accufing her felfe of ingratitude, sometimes of crueltie, for casting him shee loued best of all worldly things, into sogreat a dispaire: of this she would excuse her felfe vpon a greater fault, that shee had too eafily received the first offer of his feruice whom divine, humane, and the lawes of publique honesty, had forbidden her.

In the meane time Hipolito was often visited by his brother Fabritio, and had speech with him of the marriage of Pompeio with his daughter, which hee feemed much to approoue of, wifely diffembling his griefe, and offring Pempeis his feruice in all good offices to his mistresse, for which he hourely importuned him. Amongst these passages Hipolitos

Hipolito's foot-man, fit enough for such imployments, brought Ifabella a letter from his master, faining to bee onely fent to inquire of her health. The fellow being gone, shee retired into her chamber, and read the letter, which was to this purpose.

IF I hadleft me any power to command my defires, Imight bee content to discourse only with my selfe, of the sufferings of my most unhappy condition, without importaning you with the view of my afflictions; but since love hathin sorced the subjection of all my will to his lawes, and your service, pardon me (I be seech you) if inforced by both these, I flie to your pitie, which I implore with al the vowes of my soule, as the only helpe and meane lest me to escape a never ending tormet. Though it be uneasse to you, yet you owe it him, who honors you above al worldly things, & adores you as the only modell

ofall excellence here below: who lines not but by you, nor defires life but for you, and to bee so happy, as to spend it in your service, to which I am so wowed, as heaven shall as soone bee false as I alser this resolution. Accept, if you please, this denotion, and gonerning it by what lawes you shall thinke sit, make your selfe of it what assurance my life or death can yeeld you, and let not cruelty which sindes some limits, even in them to whom it is proper and peculiar, bee a perpetuall blot to your faire wertnes, in not suffering me to finde that mercy at deaths band, that I may not at your.

A weake perfwasion will carry a diuided and doubtfull minde, to that part whither it selfe inclines; so these letters finding her leaning more to love then dutic, forced her through all the doubts that could oppose themselves, and after some discourse with her selfe, of

fuch differing accidents in those occurrences as her able vnderstanding set before her: reason at length gaue place to loue, and respect to passion; but with this resolution, not to engage her honour, or by any thing confesse her purpose till the last shee could possibly delay it to; and the next morning shee sent this following answere.

IF I had not by all the points of a faithfull observance, assured you of as perfect a friendship as you can desire of me, I should allow the complaints of your letter; being incident to every good disposition, to desire a friendship with bukindred; or if our case were such as wee mighs expect the end their desires looke to, who seeke the union of their lives, by the holy knot of a lawful love, I should reacine that passion you complaine to suffer for my sake, as a most assured testimony of the worthy opinion you held of mee, to

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whom you would permit your felfe to addreffe fuch an affection; but fince I am affured of the one, and cannot hope anything of the other ; I aduise you reftore your selfe to reason, that you may condemne (as you ought) your grienings for their unfitneffe, your passions as licentious, and beyond the bounds of your part; and to shew you that pitie bath in me an equall place with friendship, fince you put your felfe wpon the rules of my discretion, I beseech you lay from you your vniust griefes, and impossible bopes, and expect from mee, onely all the effects of a most solid and most perfect friend-(hip, such as my bonour, and what I am to you can bestow upon you; in so doing, you fhall finde my faith conftant abone the least change, that any thing of this world can indeanour to make in it. This I promise; this I sweare to you; and coniure you to be contented with this vtmost I can dee, and not seeke to intice my affection

affection beyond the bounds of my duty, assuring my selfe in so reasonable a sute, your desires will agree with mine. I will lastly, entreat you to bee well, that I may sodamly receive the pleasure of your company.

This letter was better Phylicke to Hipolite's disease, then all the Physicians of Naples could give him, which having read over, and over, infinitely often, hee was much troubled on what resolution to settle himselfe, and as a minde posseft with desire, is euer therewith accompanied with feare, fo did he giue fo divers interpretations to the letter, as not a word in it, but hee made to fuffer a double vaderstanding, some. time taking it for generall and indifferent words, fometime gathering fomewhat thence to his owne advantage: after many discourses of his fantasie, heerefolued at last on the better part, and

and hope making him take heart, began by that meane to recall his health fo well, as that within two dayes, leauing his chamber, hee went to visit a fifter of his, a Nunne, betweene whom and him, by reason of the si mpathic of their natures, there was an extraordinarie loue and amity.

This Nun, understood but too much for her profession, and was then of the age of thirtie fine yeeres, having more exercised her wit about honest affaires of the world (as farre as the restraint of a Cloister might suffer her) then in the strict observance of the duties of

her order.

The Lady Isabella her Neece, had often leave to goe to that Monastery, as well to heare the Service, as to see her Aunt, and learne of her to worke curious workes with the Needle, which sheemuch affected.

Shee was glad to fee her brother fo well

well amended, and having made him fit, and discoursing of his sickenesse, shee blamed the strictnesse of her condition. that had denied her the meane of visiting him as otherwise shee would have done, if the Lawes thee lived vnder would have permitted her. To which, finding hee made no answere, but fate immoderately fighing; the added, cerrainely Brother, either it is your fickeneffe hath fo ftrangely altered you, that I may fay, I scarce know you, or you haue fomewhat in your minde, that you will keepe to your felfe, that makes you fo melancholy, as may hazard the casting of you downe againe, if you take not heede. You know there is no disease more dangerous then that of the minde, the Physicians baue no Receipt, nor Apothecaries any Drugge, that may availe to heale it: the best thing for it, is the aduice of a faithfull friend, and where can you expect it more faithfull, then 28

then from me, who you know have not onely loved you above my other Bro; thers, but even beforemy felfe: I befeech you by that inviolable, and more then fifterly love, make mee a partner of your fufferings; upon this affurance that you shall finde me secret, serviceable, and affifting you to all you can defire; despise not a vailed head, as an unprofitable thing that cannot give you comfort equall with others more conversant in the world. Deare fifter (answered Hipolito) my affection to you is built vpon too furea foundation to bee shaken, or indangered by any earthly accident, nor haue I ener doubted of the abilitie of your vnderstanding, but my delpaire of remedy to my affliction, takes from me all will to giue it you ; forgiue me good Sifter and fince you can in nothing helpe, let me alone endure the Penance of my idle thoughts. How? (answered she) where

where is the resolution you men attribute to your felues aboue the courage of women? Certainely, your part of it is very little, that you dispaire of executing, before you attempt the means; if your owne invention doe not prefently give you a smoothe way to your desires, you must not therefore thinke that others cannot finde it out for you, the fullest vnderstandings, in their owne affaires are distrustfull, and for feare of loofing themselues, doe often repaire to the faith of a friend for their resolution: If I can serue in nothing else but to keepe your griefes for you, it is no litle lightning to a heavy and oppressed heart, to leave his vexations with those he knowes, wil affectionately imbrace all, to take but a part from him. The Principall effects of friendthip, are helpe and confolation; though I bee vnufefull for the one syet am I most fit for the other, and I hope able for

for both. God often times raifes the meanes of our reliefe beyond our hope, and from those we least expect it: deere Sifter (answered hee) out of the meere dutie of my loue, and no hope at all of any allay to my griefes; I will tell you their subject, which shame ought still as much to conceale, as reverence to the lawes of Nature, should have at first forbidden. Know (deere Sifter) I haue beene so long engaged, that now in despight of my best oppositions, I am constrained to give my selfe vp to the loue of our Neece Isabella. This hath beene, and is the occasion of my anguish and must so remaine as long as my vnhappy fate shall allow mee life: behold the laborinth of my paines, and the little meanes I have to get out, fince I am already gone on fo farre. With this he told her the discourse of all had past betweene them, shewing ber the letters hee had writ, and her answers to chem.

them; To which his Sifter faid, I finde now that one of the greatest faults that the Ancies have made in the picture of Loue, is in blinding his eyes, for though hee indifferently disperseth bis shafts amongst all forts of creatures, yet the eie was neuer against this effect, and in that respect they needed not have blindfolded him, but this marke I fee belongs better to those whom hee hath once touch't, and whom he leaueth not onelyblinde in body, but euen estranged from all due confiderations of the minde, so much as they remaine insenfibly confused and lost in themselves without ability to make vie of their owne vnderstandings.

Oh how truely was it faid of that Philosopher, that for the most part we make things difficult and impossible to our selues for want of courage to vndertake them! Make your selfe (Brother) judge of this in your selfe, who

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upon the first difficulty that affronts you in your designe, remaine astonished and confounded. You love a Lady that is upon the point of marriage with another. There are many marriages intended, yet so crost, as they never arrive to their confummation: & though that must bee, yet were not that the worst that might happen you; marriage often bringing convenience to love. Next, you love one that you cannot marry. Well, and hath love no other ends for his contentment, then marriage ? fince it as often diffevers affections as it joynes them, while being subjected to the lawes of an obligation and dutie, you difarme him of his chiefest forces. A wife (though never fo faire) is like a gueff, or the raine that becomes a trouble in three dayes.

But you will fay, I love one whom the lawes do forbid me both all defire & all hope to enjoy, which so distracts

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me in this thornie way, as I am there ruined with the impossibilitie of getting out You are not the first that have vndertaken things as much forbidden, which have yet attained to a happie end Thinke vertue confifts in great and difficult things, and is pleased in a relistance, and the more paine and difficultie there is in an affaire, the more glorie followes the enterprize, and pleafure the execution : the attempt may content you, whether you gether the defired fruits of your paines, or fall vnder an impossible enterprize, and where your fortune failes you, not your courage In fumme, you fland not in ill tearmes. I find in thefe Letters ground enough to build hope enough on : leave the government of this bufineffe to me; it may bee I shall give you a better account then you expect of it. Be you of good cheere, goe fee your Mistreffe, and procure her repaire hither vpon our Ladies

dies day to heare the Vespers, and faile

not to bee here your felfe. Danier

-All these faire promises of the Nunne wrought little in her Brothers beleefe onely they fo farre restored him to himfelfe, as that commending his love to her care, with more affection then hee would have done his life, he returned to his Brother the Notaries house till the next day after dinner, when hee went to fee Fabritio, and, (vnder that pretence) his Daughter Isabella, where hee received the gladdeft welcome from Brother, Sifter, Neece, and Signiour Pompero that might bee. That afternoone paft in the discourse of his ficknesse, and how much every one suffered for him. Euening being come, hee returned home, deferring the speech with his Neece till next day, which was our Ladies Eue, when he was to dine with his Brother Fabritio, and Pompeio should bee gone home. He then intrea. ted

ted her to go the next day to the Nuns to Vefpers, if the could get leave, which the casily obrained : her Mother in law being ficke, and accompanied with an old Gentlewoman her neghbour. She carried with her onely her Maid Inlia,

in whom the wholly affied.

This commoditie gave Hipolito a prefage of his good fortune, and her the first danger of her ruine, whereof thee had some apprehension at her departure; for getting vp into the Coach, a weaknesse seized her, with a head-ache, and a cold sweatall over her bodie, and having been a while in the Coach, the Horses that vsed before times to be quiet enough, began to fart, and rush one vpon the other, with such force and confusion as drove the Conchman into danger of his life, who had much a doe to bring them into order againe. Thefe accidents not a little affrighted the understanding of the unfortunate Ladie : D 2

Ladie : but the force of our destinie violently drives vs to what is fatally ordained to vs ; fo thefe things could nothing hinder her from the pursuit of her misfortunes, in spight of all the contradictions of either her feare, or reafon:

Being arrived at the Nunneric, thee found her Vncle and her Aunt walking together in a Garden, there attending her comming, who affoone as they had perceived her, and feeing her paler then fhee vied to bee, her Aunt faid to her ; Certainly Neece you have not brought your best lookes hither, me thinks you are afraid of thaming my Brother, and therefore will partake with his fickly lookes. Then Isabella told them what had happened her in her coming, and occasioned that seare which perhaps her lookes had fill retained and or soon

Well then (faid the Nunne) fince ye are both of you ill at eafe, my sounfell

is, that ye repose your selues, and dispence with to daies denotion. Inlia and I will go beare the Vefpers for you. No good Aunt (faid Isabella) I come not here to fee your Garden; I will go heare seruice with you and I thinke my Vncle is here for the same purpole too. God will be no leffe pleafed (antwered the Nunne) with your wills, and perhaps more, then if ye did what might prejudice your healths. The Divines fay, that although in the affirmative precepts of pictic one be not alwaics bufied in the action affirmative, yet that the fight alone sufficeth : in precepts negative, the troth is, we must be conuerfant, and bent to the action nega tiue. Stay here, stay, I will take your finne vpon me; and with that went a. way, carrying Iulia along with her. Well Neece (faid Hipolito) let vs flay then, fince it is my Sifters counsell, and taking her by the hand, led her to fit D3 vnder

vnder a hanging roofe copered with Gelfomines and Musk-Rofes, and gan

to fpeak to her in this fort.

If over man had reason to praise Hea! ven, it must be I, for the happinesse I now receive in this meanes offered me, to returne you my due humble thankes for the honour of your Letters in my ficknesse: and to vnfold the thoughts of my foule to you; to the end that comprehending them better then heretofore you have suffered your selfe to do, you will daine to receive my griefes and releiue them. I befeech you then take my words in that good part that my affection deferues, and with fuch pitic of my aff ctions as your goodnesse ought to move you to. I will not importune you with the repetition of any my former discourses, you may have remembred enough to found your determination vpon, and to know the bounds of mine intentions fo limited.

ted, as that I nor pretend, nor defire ought of you that is not in all honestie and honour permitted : nor more then a preheminence of affection, fuch as loue may flablish in a heart, that is, to give the fruits to others, for whom they are by the superstition of our lawes, and their fauorable destinies more happily referued. All I defire is, that as all my thoughts are dedicated and vowed to the service, honour, and love of the heavenly ver tues of your foule, and all my wishes but to be acceptable to you; yours may fo farre answer them, as to fet all other friendship and affections behinde mine, & fo farre diftinguish my portion in you from other mens, as not to receive them in comparison or equalitie with me. Pay me no more then for Gods fake with the loue of a Neece, which may be common to many more; and judging aright of my denotions, receive them, fince they tend not to vour

your preindice, nor to any thing vnlawfull or interdicted,

I had thought Vncle (answered 1/abella) I had to fatisfied you by my Letters, as you had remained as well content as you have cause to bee, and that your reason had had the power to difperfe those vaine fantalies that had clouded your judgement; but for ought I fee, the worke is new to begin: would to God I had beleeved those presages that should have diverted me from coming to this place to enter anew into our wonted contestations. I know (Vncle) that all defires tend vnto the end of their contentment. You fay that that of your love is fixed vponthe foule, and those perfections which you make your felfe beleeve mine is accompanied with. Thefeare still for ought I can perceine those first dissembled prorestations; by which those that are seized with your paffion, are woont to abufe

abuse such as they finde easie of beleefe. and within the bounds whereof they determine not to keepe themselves:and though there might bee found fome men fo discreet as would bee content to bee fo limited, yet lone still being become their mafter, and having taken from them all power of ruling and bounding their will, and bowing it to the appetites of the bodie (which is most conversant with vs) it soone wearies the wit and spirit with the contemplation of things leparated from humanitie, and drawes it to the pursuit of those delights and pleasures, to which our fenfes, and appentes doe leade vs. Doe you not know that the brands or Torches which they paint in Capids hands betoken his double and different effects? for as the light of the fire pleafeth the cies, and reloyceth vs when we behold it onely, and not feele the heat too neer vs. but when it comes to burne

vs. we fuffer then the hurt of that thing that before fo much delighted vs; enen fo Love hath his beginnings pleafing, because he doth not at first possesse and take vp the discourse of our reason, and represents nothing to vs for a while but the fweetnesse of a felicitie and contentment which he fets before vs, and makes vs eafily hope for : but when hee hath once feized vs wholly, as hee takes his poffession, hee dazels vs with the alluring appearances of his pleafures, and puting vs into the middeft of his flame, melts and makes to waste from vs al the freedome of our reason and judgement that wee had before. It were better therefore (good Vncle) you draw back the first foot you have set into it, before the other follow it, and faile you too, and not to defire of me what I can neither give, nor you ought to pretend vnto. You know I am vpon the point of marriage : if ill hap discouer your addreffes. addresses (as time if you persource cannot long hide them) you not onely ruine this my fortune, which brings mee profit, if not contentment, but with it my reputation; and be assured, if I gine you not a most ample content, it is not

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This discourse which Hipolito beleened to come from a fincere truth, and nor mingled with diffitulation, fent him backe to his old feuer, and made him speake thus. Necce, why should you not conceive my love rather placed betweene Hercules and Mercury , that is, betweene Reason and Courage, as ancient Academies have painted him, then betweene voluptuous pleasure and vnfaithfulnesse, where you seate him? Why, will you not allow him vertue for his obiect, before a base lust, and which you forbid me too ? Why, will you rather thinke me wicked and false then fuch as I am, and you have reason

to judge me? I could easily answer the scrupulous ceremonies of law with which you combate me. The holy Bible offers mee examples of fuch, and things much farther in necreneffe of alliance. The force of lone is divine, and may iustifie vs against all citill or Ecclefiafticall ordinances. But I will not goe fo tarre, nor alter the ftile of my first language, or overthrow your marriage, much teffe your reputation. I have enough protested but fince so vnprofitably, I finde death must end my loue, and despaire, and I hope it will not bee long first : I shall not bee alone vnhappie, when like Timageres you happily will too late repent the ruine of your Miletus, and fo reuenge vpon your owne selfe your crueltie. In speaking this, the teares fell from his cies, and drew as many from 1/abella.

As they were taken new heart and fpeech, the Nunne returned from her

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thort Velpers, and at the entrance of the Garden (to bee freed from Iulia) gaue her her Pfalter, to deliuer her Maid. willing them to prouide fome collarion. And comming to her Brother and Neece, a little imiling, quoth the: how now (weet hearts, I am affraid you have fpent this time ill you are both fo fad, make mee a partner of your entertainments: though I be not fo cunning as you worldlings, yet I am not fuch an innocent as my habit speakes me, I have bookes ye know of other vie then to the Church s nor am I altogether vnpractized in any thing; feare not to give me your discourse, for should it be even of Loue, I might be able to put in a word.

Of Loue Aunt (answered 1sabella) the deuotions and walls of a Cloister

allow it no entrance.

What (answered the Nunne) can you that have read so much bee ignorant of his effects, in the Temple of Anubis, in Saturnes Temple at Alexandria, or how little the friet guard of Danae, Leda, and many others, could preuent the powerfull workings of this God? There is nothing that his brands cannot fire, or his arrowes pierce; and I had ill spent my time in the bouse of your dead Mother, who was the woman I loued best in this world, and whose memory I doe most honour, if I had learned nothing of this. a soonni

My Mother Aunt (answered Habel (a) what can you fay of her? I was not fo bleft as to fee her in an age fitto judge of her condition, but fure the died with a more faire and vnquestioned reputation, then (if her life and manners had not throughly descrued it) this age would have given here ano toub of

Neece (answered the Nunne) nothing vndoth vs but indifcretion : your

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uours vpon a wife and respectfull Gentleman, and shee of her part was in nothing vn warie. This preserved her, and will keepe vp the honour and happinesse of all that joyne it with their love. I will give you the whole truth, for I saw it.

The yeare I was profest Nunne (it is fome eighteene yeares fince) the Marqueste of Coria was fent to this Towne in businesse of his Maiesties; hee stay d here some seven or eight moneths, beflowing the time his great employments left him in the nobleft exercifes, and most worthy his qualitie; fiee was fome five and thirty yeares old, and the most accomplished man that I cuer faw. The Lords and Gentry to doe him honour, made him many feafts, and there alwayes followed Balls, Masques, Comedies, and other pleasurable pastimes, in which he would againe returne his thanks to them. He tooke much plearequeer, fure

fure in Malques, for the priniledge it gaue him of discoursing with Ladies. My eldeft Brother was the man of this Towns he most affed in, and to whom he did most freely impart his negotiatino; my Sifter the woman that pleafed him belt, finding her excellently faire, well graced, of a pleafing discourse, and an vinderstanding about the rest. This inclination grew to a loue, in which hee governed himselfe so well, and so well disguised it, that hee escaped all suspition. He resolued to impart it to my Sifter, but with such firnesse as none but face, or some most trusted woman fhould know it. And knowing the common curiofity and fudden fulpitions that ordinarily follow neere free quentations in those kinds, might soon ruine his hopes, he recained still his ore dinary modest fashion and feemings: But the Carneuall drawing indere, the Masques and dances were also more frequent,

frequent, and gaue him more connenience to speake to her, and entertaine her as hee did; yet so disguised, as though hee was knowne to bee in the troope, yet hee was viknowne to all but her, to whom (finding, or presuming, that she was not displeased, hee should make more estimation of her then the rest) hee gaue a signe to know him by, which made the meanes of his approaches more case. And after having enough by generall and doubtfull words, given her the chiefe end and aime of his desires, at last, hee revealed himselfe wholly to her.

To be short, his discretion so managed his affaire for him, as that helps with the force of his vertue and noblenesse, (and the service of my Sisters Nurce, whom hee sound meanes to gaine, and make the messenger of his letters) hee sed my Sister to such composition, as that (contenience and safe-

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tic permitting) shee gave him promise of fight, and speech with her in more prinacy. Such as are practifed in Italy and Spaine, vnderstand well enough, what fuch permissions doe promise to those that women have a will to fauour. To bring this to passe, there happened a very fit meane; which was the necessity of an affaire of import for the Kings feruice, wherein hee was to fend to Rome out of hand to his Helinesse. The Marquesse (and the Councell by hisaduice) judged my Brother fitter then any other for this purpole; whereupon, soone as the Carnenall was ended, my brother made that voyage, where hee was five or fix weekes; in which time, the Marquesse taking the occasion, found meanes to visit my Sifter by night, following her permiffion, which stretcht at length even to the point, whither they fay loue pretends; with fuch continuance as that cuery

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every fecond night he visited her, without ener having bin discourred by any but my Sifters Nurce, who lay in her Chamber, and I in her inner Chamber, by reason of a sickenesse I had, that made me leave the Monastery a while, to bee the better tended in my Brothers house? And, who not being yet throughly recourred, flept not fo foundly, but I fometimes heard foft noifes of doores, and murmures of words, which put me into a little suspition, with some other things that I had already beene imployed about, which kept mee still in doubt : In such fort, as one day I cast out a word to my fister; who fo rebuked me, that I neuer after durft speake any more to her of it.

But neere vpon the time that my Brother was expected backe againe; thee offered occasion of speech with mee to that purpose, expressely coniuring mee to harbour no such opinions

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in my fantafie, and not to frame any false and injurious tales of her. I that loued, and honoured her more then any other thing, and had all the obligation of nature, and lone from her to make mee doe fo : gaue her all theaffurances that shee could desire, of what thee commanded mee, telling her by way of discourse what I had seene bere, which so satisfied her, seeing I had both ingaged my felfe, and had belides a little knowledge of the world ;as fhe promised mee, if time gave her proofe of the faith I profest her, shee would one day speake more freely to me, then yet shee would, as afterward shee did, which ye shall here.

But first ye must know, that my Brother being returned, this practise betweene them ceased, not their loues; but vertue was of both sides so reciprocally obeyed, as their pleasure, nor desire, had not the power to carry

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them beyond the limits of respect, nor had they other commerce then by letters, and those but seldome. Not long after Easter, the Marquesse had in charge, was called home by the King his Master, which summons, honour, and duty both commanded him to obey. You may imagine, what an affliction was this eternall separation, both of them despairing euer to see one another againe.

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I will onely adde this for one of the rarell, and most notable examples of discretion, and constancy in them both, that I thinke hath beene euer scene vpon the like occasion: that in a feast which the Signory of the towns made him before his departure, whither the Ladies were inuited, and among the rest my Sister, whom he led in the granballo, or Measures, and in whose pauses, or times of rest, this sad subject scrued

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them for entertainment, that neither there, in taking their leaves, nor here in this place where hee faw her afterwards (as if it had beene by chance, comming to bid our Abbesse sarewell) none could ener by either of their faces, or gestures, perceive any alteration in their mindes, or any appearance so differing from their accustomed fashion, as might give any the least suspition of the truth. He being gone, and my Sifter big with child, and drawing neere her time, fhe came hither to fee me, and tooke of me the greatest affurances she could deuile of secrefie, of what I should receiue from her. Which I have hitherto most inviolably kept; and should still, had not this occasion pluckt it from me, befides that, yee and I owe an equall respect vnto her memory, and all other danger is long fince paft. Shee spake to me in this fort.

Sifter, you may remember, when my husband r

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husband was imployed to Rome, wee had speech together of a conceipt you had then taken; and I promifed, so you would have patience for the prefent, I would hereafter talke more freely to you. The occasion is now come, that (having had many restimonies of your loue, though peraduenture, your youth might gine cause to question your difcretion) I shall repose my selfe vpon the affurances, and trials that I have had of your affection in the thing that more concernes mee then my life ; affuring my felfe, it cannot light into more faithfull, more fit, or more fafe hands than into yours.

Then the relates to mee, the lones of the Marquesse and her, and how the childe, with which shee was then great was his, as hee knew, and not my Brothers; but because shee was not about three weekes gone with child before my Brothers returne, it was easie to con-

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ceale it. Nevertheleffe, flice defired the Marqueffe fhould know (as was agreed betweene them) what iffue her great belly should come to : which shee determined her felfe to doe, if God gane her life, but if it pleated him by her, death, to deprine her of the meanes, thee defired me to discharge this office, and to this purpose , three dayes after the thould be brought a bed, a Pilgrime frould come, faining to bee returned from terufalem, bringing images, and other things of denotion, and should aske almes to make his voyage to Saint Teques in Spaine; whom you shall find meanes (laid fhee) to take into your chamber, and gine him this little coffer, whereof this is the key : there is in is a Iewell, his picture, and his letters, at the bottome of one of which you shall Write a fonne, or a daughter, according as I thall be delivered, and you thall fo discharge him without more words to him.

him. If I die, you shall be freed of this trouble, and shall only keepe this boxe, which shee opened, and read his letters to mee, the best written I thinke, that ever were seene; the sewell was this Diamond, which you have so much defired, and I have ever promised you; she gave it mee at her death, in presence sence of my Brother, to keepe for you

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Now you must note, that the Marquesse was to send some one of trust to Naples, about the time of my Sisters lying in; who clad like a Pilgrime, should temporize, and dissemble himselfe for a time, in all but the place, where hee was certainly to bee found out, by those hee should bee sent vnto from, though he knew them not. God would that soone after his arrivall, she was delinered of you, Neece, so happily, as shee had the meanes to see him dispatcht her selfe. But she left the coffer with

with mee still, which I kept till her death, shee commanded mee to burne within a while after, all that was within it(as I did) and gaue me the Iewell(as I haue told you) the which my Brother beleeved, she had had of her Brother the Bishop of oftia, when she went to see him on his death-bed, a little before her being with child of you.

Behold the truth of the History, to which, I swearero you, I have added nothing of my owne, but deliuered the simple truth of all as it past; being one of the seldomest seene, and rarest passages carried in this kinde, that I thinke hath beene lightly heard, or reade of; and by relation, wherof I hope I shall not have diverted, or slakt either of you in the offices of that amity, which the mutuall opinions of your neere alliance each to other hath ingendered betweene you: and wherein (though yee may in truth different

couer the mistaking of your beleefes hitherto) yetyour vertues I know will smoothe ouer greater errours, for the honour of your house, and the memory of so worthy a woman as she was.

Isabella through this discourse, faining to bee much displeased with her Aunt, said to her; pardon me (Aunt) if I bate you a little of therespect I bore you, to the end to give the cinders of my dead Mother their due; which command mee to tell you that I hold the story you have told, as repugnant to truth, as all those that have knowne her, have ever judged her actions conformable and obedient to vertne. And you cannot more plainly forbid mee your conversation, then by defaming the honour of one I owe so much to as a Mother.

No, no Neece, (faid the Nume) I pray you doe not thinke I have discoursed any thing to you that is not

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most true, or hane spoken at all to offend you, or blemish the honour of my dead Sifter, in the reuerence whereof (though you bee her Daughter) you shall neuer exceed me. Twas by chance I fell into this discourse, and vpon the occasion your words gaue me, and vpon that affurance that ought to bee betwixt vs, which I imagined too great to have fuffered any fuch distrusts to have flept betweene vs. The experience that the world and more yeeres may giue you, will shew you, that such, and ftranger accidents than thefe, are nothing impossible : Although I must confesse, if I had imagined it would have fo much offended you, Ihad withheld my felfe from speaking any thing of this matter.

I would not Sifter (faid Hipolite) for the better halfe of my life but you had brought me this vnexpected quier, and drawne me out of the conflict my foule

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was in, and rebellion against mee, and my destinies against all my dearest defires, nay, against Heauen it selse, for having plunged mee into a gulfe of miseries so deepe, as no other thing but the remedie this your discourse may prepare for me, can deliver me out of.

Behold (answered the Nune) to what passe I am come; for my owne part, I hold you both deare, and loue you with so equal an affection, as I cannot make any distinction between you, and having at once pleased the one, and offended the other, I am as much afflicted with that distast, as glad of the others contentment. But had I knowne the occasion of these contrary motions, perhaps my small vnderstanding had prompted mee to have so fitly spoken, that I had remained equally accepted of you both.

I pray Aunt (said Isabella) let vs leaue this ill subject; tis not onely to you

Neece

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Necce (faid shee:) but to me deare Goddesse (answered Hipolito) who propofing to my felfe from hence all my happinesse, will beleeue that my Sister is miraculously falne vpon this discourse, to draw back my life not from the graue, but (which is worfe) from the for-euer languishing gricfes, whither the mischiefe of my desperate condition was leading mee. Then began he to discourse anew of his loues, as if he had not yet imparted them to the Nunne, who the better to give the last accomplishment to this worke, had sent word that her Neece was to sup with her, and that the Coach should not swait her returne till the euening. She observed well the Maids countenance during Hipolitos discourse, and beleeved her heart meant him no ill, though thee often interrupted him, as defirous they should beleeue the contrarie : in the end shee enforced her felfe to this fpeech,

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Was it not enough that you had digrest so much from what you ought, as to have sollowed the direction of so vnreasonable an opinion; and so farre prefumed as to have thus often importuned mee, but that you must now be transported beyond the limits of modestie and your owne honour, in daring to lay open all this to her, before whom the least thought of it should make you blush? I beseech you bee satisfied with my patience, and your own impudence, without going farther.

The Nunne beleeuing shee said this rather forced then heartily, interrupted her, saying, (Neece) scornes doe not alwaies sit well vpon modest women, nor ought they to light indifferently vpon all those that offer them their service: The honestie, birth, wit, indgement, good sashion, with other saire parts and vertues of such as possessed them, ought to commend & make them

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more acceptable then others, leffe remarkably accomplishe; and sheether should not make this difference, must deferue to be thought without judgement or understanding. You are not of that number , and the especiall communication of your friendship with my Brother, shewes in what ranke you hold him. And now that you have occasion to judge his, to you greater then ever, and more compleat; fince his parts heretofore made you esteeme him worthy your fauour, why must the increase and persection of his love beethe diminution and end of yours? restore your selfe to your selfe, and doe not a thing so vnlike you; doe not (sweet Neece) make him miserable, whom you haue euer knowne honest and worthy of loue; nor pay the debt of the faithfull scruice hee bath vowed to you, with a lesse fauourable vsage then you were content to allow him when you owed him

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him teffe Mabella, though the made thew that thefe discourses displeased per, and that the beleeved the tale of her Mothers loues to be but a cunning imposture of her Aunts, to draw her to her Brothers defires, neuertheleffe this ferned for the first excuse of their loues, and to cleare the of those difficulties which till now had divided them; for in the end, led by her destinies, woone by her Aunts perlwasions, with the oaths and affurances thee gaue her of the truth of her relation, and by the teares and conjurations of Hipolito, but chiefly by the force of loue, thee yeelded her felfe wholly to his power : for alas, how can a filly Maid maintaine her libertie againft him who subdues all whom he will, and euen when he will to his yoke and fubiection.

At last then, after such ceremonies as likely passe in things of this kinde, Hippolite is received by Isabella for her service.

Fundament

uant, with such contentment as onely those may imagine who have incountred the like happie fuccesses, but with condicion that his love fould be still confined within those discreet limits he had before offered, without forcing her permiffion farther then her lookes and speech should give him cause to hope. These are leaves with which many couer the workings of their loues, to gine the more gloffe to the colours of their intentions. But hee willingly receives that law which inables him to make a greater, and he who defires to have a victorie, imbraces it vpon any conditions ;vnder the hope, that being once mafter, his obedience lies in his owne hands. All this poore Maid could defire, was fworne and promifed by her Vncle, with all the affurances could be given. So having fupt, and the Coach being come, they tooke their leaves of the Nunne, with many thankes for the cafic

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case meane she had given them to establish, their contentments, promising each to other an often meeting in that or other alike convenient place. Some happy dayes they enjoyed to the full of their wishes; but as all things are subject to mutability, so neither could this happinesse long subsist without some seeling of the inconstancy of fortune.

Fabritio presseth his Daughter to her marriage, beleening her Vncle his Brother no small part of the cause of the coldnesse of her inclination to it; there upon he resolues to send him to Padna, to confirme those noble parts his education had begun in him, and tels him this his resolution; laying before him his youth, and how much it was yet too early to retire himselse, and put an end to so faire beginnings, that it behooned him to go yet surther to exceed the vulgar; that his sortune was

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fince his owne meanes were not great; and that onely for so good purposes he should make vse of him, as of one that ever would reckon him one of his; and that though at Naples there was no want of honest exercises, yet they had not letters, the chiefe ornament and persection of a Gentleman: besides, that the place of our birth is never so fit for our education as another.

Hipolito surprised with this vnexpected newes, was unprouided of an answer, yet neither accepteth nor resuleth it, but sound some pretence to delay the time for a few daies. In the end, his duty, his honour, his reason, and the reucrence hee bore his Brother, made him consent; but his desire, his passion, his love and contentment contradicted it: amid these doubts he went to adulfe with his Sister the Nunne, where having long weighed al these confiderations

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tions, and finding that the respect and honour of his Miftreffe, was too firong for any other argument for his stay, and the many accidents that might croffe their contentments being to bee feared belides, that his Brother the Notarie, of whom hee depended, and who began a little to fufpect this bufineffe, had absolutely told him, that if he would ener hope for any thing from him, hee was out of hand to obey the appointment of their elder Brother, which was for his good and advancement; and that if he voluntarily reieacd the well wilhes of his friends, hee should finde himselfe abandoned of them, and of all the hope of his fortunes. The Nunne (on the other fide) perswaded him, that the yeelding to his Brothers, besides that it might bee to him a ftep to his better fortune, would been no leffe principall fafety for the communication of his, and his MiBreffes

fes defires, it being hard, and almost impossible, that the first heat of their loues could be fo cunningly couered, but that fome flames would be perceived, that it was not for him to hope to interrupt her marriage, and though he could, yet that hee should rather helpe it forward, as the fittest meane to establish their happineffe, gaining thereby the liberty to fee, haunt, and communicate each with other, with all the privacy they could defire ; that it was to bee feared, that time might open the cies of Signiour Fabritia, and his Wife, to fee more then they would they thould, that after this marriage thefe feares would cease, their actions being no more subica to so much overlooking, the suspition of the occasion of those hinderances being taken away.

Hipolito at length concluded vpon his iourney to Padna, and that a while after Isabella should consent to the mar-

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of Hipolito and Isabella.

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riage, without shewing any greater easinesse than before, to remoue all surmise of her Vncles being any cause of her former backwardnesse: without staying then till Fabritio should presse him againe, his Brother of himselfe vrges him for the meanes to accomplish his will, promising him so well to employ his time and expence, as should give him contentment; this Fabritio receives gladly.

The day before his departure, hee met his I fabella at the Nunnery; there did their approaching separation give all passage of both sides to those grieses, teares, and sad complaints, that the violence of a mutual Loue passion might raise in the young heat of these Louers affection; there was Fortune hewen, and their Destinies accused of too excessive a cruelty, for bringing on them so sudden a night of parting, even in the morning of their warme affecti-

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ons. After that their Eyes, Voyces, Lippes, and Armes, had done their muruall offices, and that the Nunne had comforted them, with the affurance of her continual affiliance; they confirmed againe the promifes of their Lones, with the strong pledges of all the folemnest Oathes they could denife, invoking all the execrations, and mileries that Heaven, and Hell could lay vpon either of them that should faile in the least point, with protestation, that what ever other vow they should make repugnant to these (which againe, and againe, they repeated) (hould not bee by voluntary confent, but forced and constrained : and thereupon went and heard Maffe together.

To the end, to write with more fafety each to other, they refolued Hipolico should inclose his letters within those hee should write to the Nunne, who is to the fil

should give them to Ifabella, and returne him againe their antwer. They conjured one another also, to beare the anguish of their absence with patience, and to command themselves at parting, as no appearance of either fide. should breed any suspition of their affection : which they did fitly enough; for Hipolito found meanes to fpeake to his Brothers, and take leave of them, and his Sifters in the absence of his Neece, whom afterward he mer, as by . chance, going to her Chamber, and there tooke his leave of ber with little flay. Shee tooke onely leifure to intreat him, that thee might fee him before her marriage, which the promifed to fend him word of.

He was no fooner at Padua, which was in September, but hee caused to bee made a Mirhor of Chrystall of the Rocke concred with gold, and in that his picture inclosed, the inside of the

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The Tragicall Hiftory

couer was sealed up with their cifer, or marke, which was in this forme (\$5.) Without of one side was a Heart in the middest of a sire kindled by the beames of a Sunne, and blowne by a Cupid, with these wordes written about it; Puro ardet or uno: of the other side, was a burning Fire ascending upward, and Teares showing on it, with these words; New lackrymis, new mergitur and it: and sent it by his Lacquey disguised, directing it to the Nunne, with this letter following.

I Have beene ever of opinion, that the passions of Love had their effects much more approaching to extremes, than all others, and their fruits farre above imagination, and discourse. The decre proofe that now I have, assures mee of it. I have as yet onely tasted the pleasure over receives in the sight of what hee truly loves, and thereby doe guesse at the

of Hipolito and Ifabella. 75

the perfection of that contentment which poffession yeelds. But I am at the prefent, fo throughly afflitted with the prination of both the one and the other, as none but he that feeles it can imagine, nor though hee felt could expresse it. Tet I doe digest it with such patience, as it pleases the welcome necessity of so rare, and worthy a subject to lay omme, willing to live in Sufferance, or rather to begge a languishing life of so beloved a remeinbrance, as is the representation of your faire Idea, affuring my felfe you will not altogether banish mine from your eyes, but bee pleased to entertaine likewise the memory of that sernant of yours, who wil be ener so much yours, as beauen shal as soone be false, as be unfaithfull: and doe not you (O my dearest) whose pure Sonle, hath never produced action of crime, to these other base and common ones, but like it felfe spotlesse, and noble, doe not you I (beseech you) suffer it to fall

The Trapicall Hiffory

fall under the ordinary effects of time, and absence; but line pleased to love bim, who will live adoring you, and from the heat of whose affection you have already inkindled, and raised those stames, which never can be extinit, or abated.

This letter being received by the Nunne, was forthwith delivered together with the present to Habella; whom now Pompeio visited with more frequency then ener, being assured by his Father in law, and his Mother, that he should marry her before the Carneuall next; the troublesome importunities of these Parents, redoubled the griefe the young maid sels for the absence of her Hipolito.

Al the ease the found, was in those often denotions the made at the Numery with her good Aunt, by whose heple, the caused to bee made her picture, by an excellent Painter in a small Quall, and

of Hipolito and Habella.

got it inclosed in a little Enameld boxe of gold, upon one side of which there were two Cupids painted, holding each in the one hand their Bow, and in the other, a Crowne of Palmes, which they held aloft; as for reward of him that shot best, and written about, Nentrifed utrique; and on the other side, were their Cisers ioyned, made of opposed Shafts, inclosed within a Chapletof Myrtle, and Pomgranate, and about it, Non nife mutuic consodic patuere sagistis: which she sent to Hipolite, by him that had brought his letter, with this answer.

If the effects of our desires were subiect to no contradiction, and Fortune
were alwayes obedient to our wils, the
glory not onely of our actions, but of wertue it selfe would be defaced, the pleasure
of our hope lost, and that of our enioping
abated, and diminished. Certainly, all
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things whatfocuer must confesse themfelues indebted to their contraries ; because by the opposition of the one, the perfection of the other is onely best knowne. Thinke then that the sharpnesse of this absence, which our disaster makes vi now feele, is but to relish to ws the better the sweetnesse of each others presence, when Heaven shall favour vs to entry it, & which we are not to feare will be long. inserdicted vs. But being I dee no leffe louingly await the one, then I lothly abide the other : I will vow to you, that I Should esteeme my selfe most bappy, if I could bee suffered but to enioy the liberty of my loanenesse with peace. But behold the misery of my condition, being not daily, but bourely drawne, or rather baled by force, so the fatisfaction of the loth. some, and unpleasing importunities of my termenters; to whose subjection the gravey of my fate bath too wrinfthy reserved mee. So as in this continuall shings marre,

of Hipolito and Isabella.

warre, with my nature and desires, I live fo artificiall, and forced a life, as I scarce understand my selfe: but beare it, forming to my selfe by such faining, some little ease (and all that is left mee) from the affliction of my lives houses. Live assured of my vowes, which I will keepe inviolable to you; and as I have beene the first cause that your heart hath felt the force of Loves sire, be likewise assured, you shall be the sirst, and alone that shall ever imbrace me.

They continued all they could the commerce of their letters; in the meane time, Signior Fabricio wanted no counfailers to perswade his daughter, what happinesse this marriage with Pompeio did promise her: Shee finding which course was her best rohold, made shew of more good liking towards him then aforetimes, the which gaue great contentment to Signior Fabricio and Li-

nis, who now effecting her wholly reclaimed to their wills, made her acquainted with their defire of the dispatch of her Marriage, prefently after the end of the Christmas holy-dayes: Shee that alwayes believed it should have beene deferred till the end of the Carnevall, (for feare of being surprised) writ to Hipolico this letter following.

You bave alwayes promised me, and I have presumed on it; that I should have the happinesse to see you before the dayes of my sacrifice. Now knowing they are to be hastened, and that presently after these holy-dayes, I must into my setters; I have found the meanes to acquaint you with this sad newes, whose ements, I hope you will prenent with your promise. To this I doe summon you, beseech you, consure you by the obligation of your word, by the duty of your lone, by the assurance you have of mine, by the holy

of Hipolito and Mabella. 82

boly oathes wee have made, and by that respect and renerence you one to those divine powers, which our innotation made our witnesses. You one my missortunes this constation, because the hope of your contentmet in it was not the first, but onely cause of my consenting to this match. I will not seare you will by refusing this my first request, give mee so instruction to distrust your affection because you owe it; it lies in your power, to doe it, I desire it, and there needes but your will, so the accomplishment of your due, and my saturation.

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This letter was fafely delivered to Hipolico, which more afflicted him, then if it had brought him the doome of his death. And, but that hee knew it madnesses oppose what he could not hinder (and though he could, it might bee his destruction) hee had to his vetermost laboured to have cross it: but

hee yeelded in his resolution to need of their whise and convenience, and sent whise answere and sent which are the sent which

Tomore m'er spiele Hey are weake and cold affections, that neede fo much chafing, and remembrance of their duties, and not the fe who by their owne feelings are enough disposed ; it is not from these things that I would give you the estimation of my obedience, but by the bazard, af as many lives if I had them, as I mould wish there might be dayes betweene this and the accomplishment of what you enforme met, since Heaven shewes it selfe so intentine to my xuine, 4s to baston so much the time of your appointed Marriage, we multin. sure his bitter lames. But if it means absolutely to trinmph over my happin neffer it wift Suddenly breake off the course of my dife of or abor onely shall demy methe bliffe of your fight almost wish this letter which loaves mer as full of 220 griefes

of Hipolico and Uabella. 83 griefer as I wish you may bee ener of consensment of the content of

By good hap the Post of Naples was then at Padna, who had brought letters and money to Hipolito from his Brothers, and by whom hee returned them answere, which gaue him the fitter commodity to steale his journey without being discouered. Hee went disguised during the Christmas holydayes, and by bywayes got to Naples, where hee arrived late in the evening, and without being knowne to any one, found the way the next morning to the Nunnery, where hee lay concealed for the space of eight or tenne dayes in his Sillers Chamber ; in which time 1fabella (who quickly heard of it) had but three times the meanes to fee him; and then caused certaine workes to bee made there, which was the pretext of her visications. During the two last whereof, bluce

whereof, the good and diferent Numbe left them alone in her Cabinet two or three houres, where they imployed the time about (you may imagine what) rather than to looke on pictures. For fo was it fit, and reasonable, that the deere and last gage of the confirmation of a loue arrived to his perfection, shold bee reserved for him, whose merit and affection might best claime it; not for one that had but the shadow given him by the blind tyranny of fate.

A little after Twelfe day, because the time of her marriage drew neere, and his longer stay, could not bee but incommodious and dangerous; hee prepared for his departure, and after having anew repeated their old oathes and affurances, and given each other fresh witnesses of the affections of their soules, by all sorts of lamentable complaints, that may bee occasioned by so displeasing a separation, (which they

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of Hipolito and Habella.

could not leave off till Teares, Words, and Time failed them) he left her.

Shortly after, and almost as soone as Hipolito was arrined at Padua, the long promised Nuptials of Pempeio and ifabella were dispatcht, with the honour of much great and noble compeny, Combats, Races for prizes, Malques, and other pleasures vivall in

fuch occasions.

He that had well observed Isabellas lookes that day, (howfocuer fhe might diffemble them) would have judged that what shee did then, was more by constraint, than out of her wils election. This alteration (apparant sometimes in her teares, which yet the ftroue to hide) was by such as perceined it, attributed rather to the apprehension the might have of the change of her condition (which often troubles in such occurrences, the chaft hearts of yong maides) than to the true cause, which

none knew of The duncing being ended, the Bride led into her Whamber and vndreft, and the women that accompanied her, departed, flice retired into her inner Chamber, where in de spite of her best resolution, the forth of her teares onerbare the frompet opposition her reason could make, De refting with fobbing, and broken complaints, the faults thee made against her faith to Hipolito, and the more face fought to curbe her paffion; the more violent it grew, fo as in this conflict, the was halfe diffracted. In the end comming a little more to her felfe, free zooke paper, and bade her maid bring her handkercher, faining that her note bled, to excuse her long flay ; and in the meane time opened a veine fo well to her purpofe, as the had blood enough to write this letter to Hipelito.

Why did not my Delinies Laring Abed Cincemy seares are not able to write my griefes, my blood Shall, and I mould these were my last drops, that I might die as innecent in my actions, as I will for ever live constant in the fincerity of my will towards you. Which will is fo contrary to what I am forced to, as that (but for being your command). I would famer have conferred to my death, and though the offence might bee excused abrough my confixaint net newertheleffe the expremity that forces mee saphe fault I commit against you, and against my selfe, will mener bee able to ferms mee for ramedy against the incurable wicer that I make in my foule, in being able to suffer that any other bould be partaker of that which is onely due to yous and that (as confenting to the vidary of wine enemy) I (hould yeeld my felfa to bips for bis prey and tropby. I go then, no, rather I am dragg d to a loathed me

loathed bed. Why did not my Destinies rather ordaine my life for a bleeding foreristic opposite altar of Diana, then to slave is to the syrannom service which (if you will not) I wow death must be ere long the meanes of my deliverance.

She had only the leifure to end and feale this Letter, when her Mother who had staid all that while in her Chamber, came to take her ro bed, and found her binding up her hand, which thee fained to have hurt by milchance. She fee in her face fo fad and full of teares. imputed it to the anguish of her hurt, and to the apprehension that Maids vfually hape of their first nights endurings. But when shee was to go to bed, her reares brake our anew, and her Mother finding her vnwillingneffe fo great, as the could hardly in a long time draw her out of that inward Chamber where fhe

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fise was, fent for her Father, and faid much to him that witness her griefe to finde things in fo ill tearmes, and that this marriage was ingaged beyond the recovery of repentance. At length fhe was pur to bed, nor without the pitie of all about her, and beleefe that onely her word was forced, not her will gained to this marriage : and had her Hasband understood any thing, hee might cally have perceived in bed how the world went; but bauing no fighe but in his eyes, hee could fee no farther than their obiect. Hee fuffered fcornfull refufals even till morning, when he received it for a great favour, to receive but a kiffe.

Some daies after the Carneuall this foleranity lasted, and then Pompeio and Isabella were honourably conducted to their owne house, where his chiefest abode was before. A little after, the Nunne that had convayed

Ifabella

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Ifabellas letterite Hipolico, redejuedand fenther this following answer of doung finde things info ill tearmes, and than His is not abgoinely equipple that may reach us what things which bane their beginnings remoded from the valgar, and differing from the ordinary tract witheworld banesbeirsconfequent ces for are and feldome feenes in that our ignorance to prevent them, and the diff ficulty of finding sent the exemedies, would nathen sake from whem they cancerns, all will so purfue shemi then give them any hope of their stablement. But fince versue things moft in the most difficult things, and the more things seeme impossible, the more their execution in worth the composing salet vs (deere (oule) flage, but not finke wader the burthen of thefe afflictions death is a posible and easie nemedy for all, since we have it when wee lift in our owne power. But as it were the end of our prefent mi-

feries,

of Hipolito and Habella. 90

feries, fo would it be she privation of our firme happineffe: That then must bee our latel refuge; mben defperate of ansofting the obe; mee with shareby efeeps The other Shabing thromain felues as the feet of misforome? if mode wast covolede there, les moc make my raino hembrable by the faire markes I shall beand of the power love bath in a refoleed brenft. Leave me the care of what nemaines, for you have for your part but ston well difcharged your duty, fince all the boner of our love bath bitherto been yours; and having no other merit to an free it with. it is fit that all the fmars should be mine. But wee both feele that part too worth: bee not you meary fill to lone mee, affusing your felfe my feruice shall for ener accompany the faith of mine affection, patience my misfortune, and it may bee a happy euent my enterprises. Of which Thope at Eafter to come and aduise with TON.

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Thefe Letters gave Ifabella fome comfort, whose forrowes neither the great feafting, entertainments, vilitations of kindred, friends and neighbours, the commodities of a pleasant and rich house, nor all the fondacte of her new Husband could any whit diminish; so much her minde laboured with the impatience of lone and defire, with the abfence of her Hipolito, and with the difpleafure the took at the fault the accused her felfe of, having made against him. In this time Hipolito fent his clder Brother word that hee would visit him at Easter, who now having married his Daughter, was indifferent for his Brothers returne : and he having received a leave, came two daies before Easter; and the day after, came Pempeio and his Lady thither. The ioy and contentment of these louers at their meeting was so great, as bred them no little pain to difsemble it : 1/abella fayning such a welcome

come to her Vncle, as if his comming had beene undreamt of, and unexpected. They were there together eight or ten dayes without opportunity of any prinacy, but once, because she could not go now as before without compa-

ny to the Nunnery.

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In this time Hipolito ving the fittest carriage for the time and quality of his lone, addrest himselfe so well to his Nephew, and so woon his affection, as no mans company was so pleasing and acceptable to him as his. After that, Pompeio and his Lady went home to their owne house, but not without having first drawne a promise and assurance from Hipolito, that hee would within two dayes see them: which he did, being now freed from the curiosity of many eies, and having only his to blind, which were of themselves well enough seeled.

There was yet in the house an old woman

woman, who had long lived there a feruant, who being the generall Keykeeper of all the roomes, and fo went too and fro through the house, entred casily into those suspitions that a wicked old age is often subject to, being also led by those many appearances which love in an vn wary young couple (transported with the convenience of an vnexpected liberty) takes not heed to present; and hatching this o pinion without making shew of it to any, more narrowly watcheth their behaulours, who having with contentment enough enjoyed fome dayes together, concluded it at last better to vie diferently thole opportunities, than abufe their fortune; as also the good Nun had carefully aduled them to beware of being furprized in inconpeniences.

Hipolito returnes to Naples, from whence he often visits his Nephew for his Neeces take, who could not fo well decrow

command

of Hipolito and labella. command her passions, but shee must they much more contentment in her face, when her Vncle was there, then at other times, leasting him more then her. Husband, who was so blinde and yeelding to them, as he would leave them to entertaine one another (as hee call'd it) and himselfe spend the whole day in hunting Wherein Hipolito excused himselfe, being the thing he was most unfit fot, and least delighted in , the malice that appeared in the doubtfull lookes of this bulicold woman, began to make them diftruft her, fo as Hipolito durst neither goe so often, nor stay so long in the house of Pompeio, as before: who both tooke his ftrangeneffe ill, and

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complained of it to his Wife.

Hee gaucher leave to goe to Naples to fee her Mother, with charge to returne with her Vncle, ye may imagine this journy was undertaken with much gladneile, and the condition accepted with

with more. She remained with her a good while; fanoured with her Mothers ficknelle, and the commodity of often going to the Nunnery, where the had ever fomewhat or other a making

for colour of her going.

During her absence from home an Vncle of her Husbands (sometime his gaurdian, a Knight of marke and noble descent) came to see him, and his bouse, living at that time not farre thence; where having some daies expected his Necces returne, thought her long stay very strange, and told his Nephew that hee was not to winke at such courses, and that since shee had brought little other advantage to his house, he was to expect from her at least a careful eie oner his domesticall affaires, which would run into consusion if shee continued this fashion.

The malitions old woman vpon this occasion could not commine her felfe from

from discouring to the knight what thee thought of her Lady, befeeching him to take it well, as comming from an ancient and faithfull fernant of that house, who could not passe ouer so great a blemish without violating her duty. He seemed to beleeve nothing of what shee said, and like a subtile Fox, reproued her tharpely taxing the vildneffe of her disposition in conceiuing so falle and wicked an opinion, of a discreete and vertuous Lady, andher impudence in daring to speake it to him.

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The old woman in her owne excuse, told him all the particulars thee had built vpon, which funke so deepe into the apprehension of this man, as they neuer after left him. As it is the propertie of a malitious nature, to doe iniury to what it hates, (according as the paffion is defined, to be a disposition of the will intentine to the hurt of others) fo this minister of hate, willing to execute 98

cute her fury vpon these poore louers, tooke the occasion of their muruall affections, to exercise vpon them her own rage, for not being now able in her withered age, to have the part in thefe Loue pleasures, like one euer before liquerish of such fruit, and now not capable of being fatisfied, for the three fcore and fift decreped yeere of her age, that had already disfigured her face, with a hundred fouldes and wrincles, forbadall beholders not onely the defire, but even opinion. Certainely, as the Childe is the figne of Virginitie pale; the scarre, that there hath beene a wound; and Diomedes his flipper, that hee had a fame club foote; fo was the past ill life of this old woman, enough visible in that crooked disposition of her minde, that droue her forward in the ill fruites of her hate and malice, who as Prisoners sometimes play with their Sheckles and fetters, fo not knowing

ing perhaps how elfe to passe the time; and deceive the languishment of a weary age, busied her selfe with the afflict. ing this yong cupple, fo shaking (as it were) the fetters of her lothed Prison and solitude. Wee must beleeve so ; for it is most credible that in matters vncertaine, and that confift in the onely knowledge of their cause (as are these inconveniences hapning in the way of the renowne and credit of faire demeaned people) the opinions of honest minds, will rather accord to their honour, then suffer the rallnesse of their judgements to conclude them vitious. If we finde fome faults in the life and actions of men and women, we should rather determine them the defects, or errors of vertue, not yet arrived to the perfection, then flat wickednesses, proceeding from a fetled vice; and speake of them with a modest shame, and charitable compassion of poore humane H 2 Nature: die

Nature, which cannot produce creatures so perfect and accomplish, as their lines shall bee altogether exempt from reprehension, but there will ever be somewhat faulty and wanting.

Examples doe teach vs that it hath euer beene an infamous, and dishonest fashion, to blot, and destroy the credit and fame of people, by reason of the importance, and confequence of fo many miferable accidents that enfue thereof : for what elfe doe thefeexact obferuers, but facrifice to the worlds malice (as to an cuill (pirit) their outrages, pronoking vntimely (and often most vniuftly) the forrowes, and furies of fuch as apprehend themselves injured. As the Carpenters that had the charge of the Deliak Galley, have by fupplying, or lining still the rotten and decayed ribbes with new peeces of wood, kept it found and entire fince the time it was first built : So certainely must wee do with

of Hipolito and Isabella. 101

with this Reputation, and it is no more hard to mainteine and hold vp a good name and honour, than a flame, in keeping fill vnder it fomewhat to fupport, and preserue it aliue ; but when once fury, and malice have veterly quencht and kild it, there is then no more hope left of recouering the one, than renewing the other, when the matter is spent ; yet such is the peruersneffe of the age we line in, and fo many ill inclinations there are, as for a little profit, or pleasure, they care not to see all things in combustion; and as a field full of weeds, so is the world in enery corner, full of vngratefull, and difloyall mindes.

The wife therefore ought to bee circumspect, and as mischiefes are like to arise, seeke to preuent them, and if not utterly kill and root them out, yet keep them under, from getting the mastery of their reputations.

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The wife (faid the wife man) receive profit from their enemies, wherefore they at least, whose lives are not without colour of suspition, ought curiously

to practife this art and science.

The Say preffing to imbrace and kille fire the first time he faw it, Prome. theus cries to him, Satyr, thou wilt wipe the beard of thy chinne ; for it burnes being touch't, it giues (besides) warmthe, and light, and is our most vlefull element being well and rightly vied So doubtleffe, nothing in this world is so hurtfull, but one fide or other it may bee approache and handled, and applied to some vie, and pro-Fooles are the poyfon of focietie, but fuch as are descreete and prudent, can turne to their owne profit and adnantage, and fit to their owne vie, all the defignes of enmitte and hatred. And enenfo, what proued most hurtfull to Hipolito and Isabella, might have become

of Hipolito and Isabella. 103 come no lesse profitable to them, if they had beene as carefull and wary as they should have beene.

To wit, in this time, that this Vncle and guardian (incenfed with what hee had from the old womans report) growes from that time vigilant and watchfull ouer them He vies meanes that Isabella is fent for, who soone after arrives accompanied with her Vncle; both of them resoluing to honour this old Gentleman, as they did. After their greetings, Ifabella gaue him a faire wrought Towell, and a Purse of the Nunnes worke, and to her Husband many other little toyes; wanting no faire and probable excuses for her tarriance. This Knight or gaurdian stayed there three dayes after their returne, prying into all their actions, and watching them strictly, leaving no meanes vnfought, whereby to discouer their necrest passages.

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And as one of that age and Nation, being once toucht with a suspition, yeeldes himfelfe cafie to perfeuer in it, vpon any the least appearances that may bee presented to him; so, though hee perceived none sufficient to confirme, and fettle his judgement vpon, yet the insufficiency that hee knew in his Nephew, and the disparitie be eweene his wife and him made him diflike the honest privacies betweene her and her Vncle, falthough they ftretcht no farther than might bee permitted. Hee resolues before his departure to put a man to his Nephew to waite on him in his Chamber, that had beene of his owne breeding, whom hee furnish's with all fuch inftructions as he thought the fittest to bring him to the knowledge of what hee defired to discouer.

This Chamberlaine is willingly receiued of both the Husband and the Wife too, who nothing suspecting him

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for that Centinell and Watch-man ouer her, that her Vncle had designed him for, laboured to make him hers by the deferts of a good and kinde vlage. Hipolito on the other fide, let paffe no occasion that might binde him to him : but under the disgiule of a fained affection to their service, and acknowledgment of his obligation (this crafty malitious fellow) foothes, and lulles them a fleepe. Thus this young coupple ingulfed in the midft of their pleafures, guided by the onely motion of their defires, foresee not the Shelves, and Rockes that threaten them with the Shipwracke and vtter losse of all their contentment.

So burtfull often times is our happinesse, in hindring the pursuite of our designes, through the sloath, negligence, and inconsideration, with which it stupifies vs, and drines vs head-long

to our ruine.

This

This Chamberlaine feconded with the old woman, (to whom the Knight had also declared his intention) had within a moneth or two, at certaine times of Hipolite's repaire to his Masters house, perceived some what betweene them, which hee forthwith acquainted the Knight withall. who thereupon goes to Naples, where (like enough by his meanes) there was already some whispering rumour spread about of this newes; and where no fooner arrived, but without any word to his Brother Fabritio, or his wife Linia, of what led him thither ; hee goes to the Notary; who was Hipolito's chiefe refuge, and tells him, that if his Brother out of hand restrained not his dishonest frequentation with his Neece, hee was in danger ere long to fmart for it, adding how much they abused the advantage of their neere alliance; and that hee had not beleeved the

the first report of the vnlawfull priuacies that had long beene betweene them, but now was fo vadoubtedly refolued thereof, as bee could no longer bee ignorant, or conceale them: and that (faue for the respect and honour of their house) he had ere then, taken such revenge as had befitted fuch a forfaite : how hee had reuealed it to none but himselfe onely, as one who best, and with least scandall might stop the progreffe of the bufineffe, and bury it : and whose wisedome hee knew of abilitie, for fo discreete a conduct, and as the consequence of the affaire required. All the allegations that the Notary could make to the contrary of this Knights opinion, and to possesse him with other beliefe of his Brother and Neece, and how there was nothing, that cold bee indged more licentious between them, then their neere alliance permitted, ferned to no purpofe,

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In conclusion, hee intreated him that he might know no more such fashions in his Brother, leaft he found his courfe more roughly interrupted than hee looked for.

This Notary miltrufted nothing of thetruth the knight had told him, being himselfe a man that vsed not to condemne any kinde of this vice, and besides, had before (as granted) warned his Brother to bee wary in the menage of his affaires, advertifing him how hard a matter it was for him, long to conceale them, if hee once gave over their conduct, wholy to the libertie of his affections. Soone after (then) hee tells him what the Knight had discouered; whereupon he refrained from vifiting his Neece as before, faue by let. ters, which yet were frequent, and gaue her often nowes of him. Shecon the other fide (to whom writing was not fufficient) beeing of nature apt enough

to expole to all dangers her Fortune, and Life, to give the greater proofe to her affection, to whome the had vowed it; and condemning all artifice of diffimulation, and enen diferetion, as proceeding from a minde, too free within it felfe, and exempt from paffion; full of vnrest, could not containe her felfe, from discovering the alteration in her thoughts, but yeelded to rage, and difpleasure (vpon all occasions) against this old woman, and often against her new man, of whom shee was now growne distrustfull.

Being advertized by Hipolico, of an intention hee had to accompany the Prince of Lufignan to Rome, her quicke invention supplied her readily, with a colourable occasion to goe to Naples, and such as her Husband was most willing with, there shee learned more particularly, all what this Knight had told the Notary, by the advice of

whom,

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whom, and of the Nunne, Hipolito goes to Rome.

Isabella's iourny was not approued of by the Knight her Vncle; and con. firmed in him, and in others, the douba into which he was entred of this Loue, and in her Mother alfo, who thought much more of it then the spake.

During Hipolitos abode at Rome, the old Woman and the Chamberlaine had but few pleasant houres, but still the found somewhat or other amiffe in their actions : fo as one day, this old carcaffe told her, that for being too true a seruant to her Master, her Lady lou'd her not; and that if shee could have feene and faid nothing, fine had lived a quieter life. This came to the Husbands cares; who founding not the bottome of it, past it ouer.

The Chamberlain was more subrile. for though be could heare it faid, that they were worthy of hate, that could

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indure to serue in a place, where they were knowne to be onely set to doe base offices; and serue for candles to light strangers into all the basenesse of the house, with much more to that purpose, yet, hee stopt eare and mouth, to all, and seeming to understand nothing of it, made likewise no answere to

any thing.

The Knight who had beene still informed of all things, came againe to his Nephew: where freely hee told his Neece, of his discontent at her fashion of life, intreating her to change it, or that else hee was to make the world know how vnworthy she was, to hold the honour of such a house and alliance. All her well coucht and propable speeches (which the many angry teares of her great heart would not of a long time giue passage to) did no whit abate the obstinacy of this Vncle; who at length, more sweetning his speech, then

altering his opinion; told her, that to make her innocence appeare, and remooue all mildoubts (fincethings were already come to fo ill a paffe) the was by a change of life to remooue their caule; and that to this, there wanted but her will, by the resolution whereof, shee might alwayes make her felfe appeare, fuch as thee defired the World thould iudge her. After hauing well thought of what course was fitted for her to take, thee had recourse to the inforced remedy of diffimulation; Shee Spake not fo much of her Vncle as before, nor fo often commended his actions, nor curiously enquired after him, yet thee often heard newes of him, though wor fo fecretly, but still this Chamberlaine perceived, and tooke notice of frequent messages to his Lady, which his Master had no word of; shee shewed her selse more easie to please, and bee ferued than in former times, and to **Shew**

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thew her purpole of confining her thoughts, within the compasse of her house, and attend onely to the care of her domesticke affaires, thee tooke the charge of them vpon her, with fo fit and dexterous a management, that one would have thought, shee had busied the fludy of her whole life in them. Shee caused to bee made her a Cabinet, or fludy, with the entry into it of her garderobe, or inner Chamber, and a passage out into the Garden of the house, by a narrow staire-case glased of either fide, and the Glaffe couered with falle windows, to fee, and not to be feen. She caused it to be Varnish't, Gilt, adorned with Pictures, Bookes, China cofers, and other fuch fingularities as people that vnderstand, and are curious in that kinde vie to haue. There the fpent fuch time as the companie of her Husband, Strangers, and Houshold bufinesse left free to her, Shee went sometimes

or foure moneths together, the was conflant to this new life, with much content to her Husband, Mother, and

the Knight her Vncle.

During her Hipolito's absence, shee caused to bee made a Bracelet of knots of her Haire to weare on his arme, studded with Rubies, and Diamonds, with a large locke of Gold soure square, and set with a rich stone at each corner, the midst was Inameled blew, resembling clouds sowen with Teares halfe hidden, and little appearing, and written about, Codnuntur non siccantur, which shee sent with this letter.

To beare alwayes a face differing from my pasions, to have my words contrary to my thoughts, my deedes to my will, teares in my heart and laughter in my mouth, anguish in my soule, and iog in my lookes; distaine within, and

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bin, ind and respect in outward appearance, to bee alwayes prefent, where my minde and thoughts are otterly absent, to faine a doting affection, out of a perfect loathing. In briefe, to shew a full content in living under the subjection of a most contrary fernitude; thefe are the ordinary pleasures of my life. Till now, the hope I gane my felfe, that it might bee, Heaven would in the end grow weary of afflicting vs , hath inabled meto fruggle with the miseries of this my Brange condition ; But I must confesse, I doe now begin to feele so great a failing in the force of my patience, as if I finde not my selfe speedily assisted, with the demonstration of some thought and care of your part for my delinerance, I frall gine ouer the care of my life; for alas it were but unprofitable to you, and to mee most miserable. Thinke on it, and make mee, I befeech you, capable of your deliberation, and keepe with the memory of my truth.

116 The Tragicall History truth, this pledge (perhaps my last) that berewith I send you.

This letter so mooned Hipolito, as immediately upon the receipt of them, hee returned to Naples, where he could not stay three dayes without seeing his Neece, with whome (after the Husbands many welcommings) hee was retained certaine dayes with more case than needed.

Alas that the first day could not passe, without reducing to them their former fashion; they stirred not out of their Cabinet, the Husband was left, the care of his affaires neglected; such as came to speake of them, had no more audience or accesse: all businesse, all company was displeasing and troublesome, all the Husband could have, was after suppers, some leane entertainment, ming'ed oftentimes with certaine ambiguous speeches, and smiles sauouring more

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more of mockery, or contempt than otherwise : which began at last to diplease him, and they perceived it, and with all, were told by Isabella's maide Iulia, that the old Woman, and Chamberlaine, were diligent priers into their behauiours, and held hourely little counfailes betweene themselves of their actions : which made them prefume, that they would not faile to give the Knight her Vncle notice of every thing. Hipolito hereupon takes new counsaile, which was (having informed himfelfe perfectly of the secreatest meane of comming into the Garden, by a little doore out of the Parke, and thence into the Cabinet by the close staires) to returne to Naples, as he did, and thence fained a journy to the Court of Sauny this is given out in the house, and his Brothers being aduertifed of it, doe gladly furnish him with Horses, Money, and Letters of fauour to their friends.

friends. Hee would yet carry but one Lacquey with him, whome hee wholly affied in, and with him went to a house of his Brothers the Notary (some eight miles from Naples where hee at that time was) from thence his Isabella had newes of him; and there he lay concealed for the fpace of two moneths; going thence every fecond or third night to fee her having found by-waies into the Parke, whence he past into the Garden, and so into the Cabiner : hee arrived there commonly at nine or ten at night, meane while his man held his Horles in a most vnhanted, and remore place of the parke, where hee awaited him til two or three in the morning, and to avoid all suspition, shee vsed before, to retire her selfe into her Cabinet after Suppers, and lye there alone.

From the beginning of September, till about the end of October, this fashion held

held betweene them : But alas, the night hath eyes, and trueth is seene in the darke. Tis knowne Hipelite conceales himselfe in this house. Pompeio's Vncle that had vnderstood all the palfage of his former iourney, knowes this last deceit too, but not the conuciance of the Cabinet. Hee growes more inraged than euer; goes to his Neece. taunts her with all the sharpest language hee had, threatning her and her Hipolito, with no leffe than an ignominious death; tells all to the Husband, reproching him for his little fence of this injury, and his want of courage to revenge it.

And having sufficiently plaide his part there, goes forthwith to Naples, and does there also the like, discovering all to Fabritis and his wife, from point to point, how every particular had past, the warnings hee had given, and intreaties he had made to them to de-

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fift from their course : then inueyes 2 gainst the Notary, who denies his Brothers being at his house (at least to his knowledg, himselfe being then at Naples) Hipolito was forthwith aduertized of this, to the end hee might not bee found there; but becalle thole of the house, could not so readily bein-Aructed (some woman and a childe affirming that he had beene there, and was but two dayes before gone from thence) this made all the rest credible,& after all the bitternesse that the displeafure of fuch an affaire could put into his words, and that hee had therewith bound his two brothers by their oathes not to receine Hipolito, this Vncleleft them; resoluing to vse all meanes to furprize him.

Thus, this poore miserable Louer, beaten with so many tempests, lest of his chiefest friends, abandoned of all hope, findes (though too late) how

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flippery is the downe-fall of our pleafures, and how great the disproportion is of the short contentments, and long miseries of this life.

Hee retires himselfe to his Brother Scipio's house, who was married some twelue miles from Naples, in the way to Suca. There he remained some daies, and after having refled his wits diverfely distracted, and overwrought with the confideration of the extremitie hee was in, and what course was fittest to bee taken, hee resolued by the aduice of his Brother (a man more subtile in vice, than ingenious in vertuous matters) to cause dispersed abroad, a rumor that hee was slaine, hoping by this meane to drowne al noise already spread of matters past, and lay a certaine ground where on to build the last defigne for the contentment of his Mifresse and himselfe.

Before he began to put this in execution, tion, he sent her a Tablet full of stanzes written upon the subject of his Fortune, couered with Gold, sowen sulfor Thornes to the life in Inameled worke, and in the middest of either face was a Tombe of blacke Amell, and on the top of it a Semperuiue to the life, and at the foote written, Del piacer Sepolto la seranza vina; with this letter following, which the Nunne (whom he sent it to,) caused to be deliuered.

Let not these accidents that combat vs, I beseech you, drive you into despaire of their remedy. Beseeve mee; as long as Heaven shall spare mee life, our missortunes shall enioy no peaceable vistory over vs, nor fall on vs vnresisted and since what you suffer, proceedes only abrough my occasion, if my death could deliner you, I should hold it most happily gained; but knowing it vnamaileable, and that it would rid onely me out

Soone

of paine; to faigne it may perhaps give remedy to us both. Let not then the newes you shall beare of it afflict you, as a truth; though in appearance as beleeving it. 'Tis the last, and best meane I have resolved on, to gaine ws the freedome of our contentments : defiring therein enely, and onely aiming at your bappinesse, and that I may still enion your lone, bee happy to receive your commandements, and ferue you bauing nothing so deepely ingraned in my soule, as the faithfull observance I one you; and if any remembrance shall accompany it's immortalitie, beleeue, it will bec onely that of your name, and of my obligation; the which though it bee unpossible for mee to repay, my will at least shall neuer faile mee. But I as yet, gine you onely words, the Shadow ; I hope shortly, my deedes will proue enough fortunate, to let you fee the body.

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Soone as Hipolito was fure his Mistresse had received his letters, hee began to play his fained Tragedy, certaine people are fet on, who come betimes in the morning to his Brothers lodging, telling him that there was a man Daine that night in the next Village, vpon the way to his house, with the Horse hee rode on, and it should seeme was his younger Brother. He rifes hastily, and goes to the place whither these people led him where he found a thing truft vp informe of a man, which hee had caused to be stuft with have, and drest vp in a fute, his Brother had sometime worne, cut and mangled in dinerfe places refembling blowes, and thrusts with swords, and all besmeared with blood, and his horse also dead by him. He takes a Notary of the Village, and a Priest for his purpose, and in presence of those that conducted him thither, and some other of his owne people, caused

canfed to bee made a verball processe, how his Brother Hipolito had beene by them found in that place, newly flaine with fomany hurts, in fuch places, clad in fuch a fute, his Horfe likewife dead, befide him : and instantly, omitting nothing that might make all credible, caused that bundle, or false man to bee buried as if it had beene the body of Hipolito, in the Church of that Village; puts him felfe into blacks, and fends foorthwith, the verball processe to Naples to his Brothers; ere long, the death of Hipolito was generally bruted about, and came to the cares of Pompeio and his wife, who faining to beleeue it, (and the Husband beleeuing) feemed much to lament it.

The Winter was at that time well spent, when Hipolito having executed this stratagem, gets him disguised all alone, on foote, by night, by vnused bywayes

wayes to the Parke of Pompeio's houses and lodges in his Mistresses Cabinet, where hee was two dayes, there they confulred of whatwas to bee done, for

their delivery out of thraldome.

It was concluded then, that they must resolue for Cypres, or Candy, and that, to that effect hee would prouide a Barke, and lay it ready victualled, and furnisht of all things fit, against the end of March, or beginning of April next. For this purpose shee gaue him fuch monies as sheehad, resoluing withall, to employ her vttermoft indeauour, to get together the most shee could, to make their voyage, and maintaine them after. In the meane time, they refolued, he was to visite her, with the oftneft, and secretest meanes hee could, having provided himselfe, of some safe retraite for himselfe not farre off.

Being gone, thee aduited with her felfe, to perswade her Husband to make 's 'y

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a voyage into France, the peace being made betweene the Kings of France, and Naples. Shee wanted no faire inducements to vrge him with; how it was a shame for one of his age, & place in the world, to have never feene other than the angle hee was borne in : that this voyage would fashion, and make him vp better; and yeeld him more known, and honoured of the best and Noblest company : that hee had not yet gained that esteeme in the World, that hee might enable himselfe to expect, by more inriching his minde, with experience to judge, and abilitie to discourse, in which an infinite of others outwent him, and were therfore preserred, and respected before him: which both in birth and meanes, and all other things, were farre to yeeld to him : and how though his present estate in possession yeelded him not much, thee would finde him enough, without

without much preiudicing it, for that effect: that his lands were well timbred, so as the sale of soure, or fine thousand crownes worth, would not bee much mist: that they would lease out part of their lands, and make that way as much more mony in incommes: and that with such alike summe, he might make his voyage with credit and bonour: how for her part, shee would keepe but her maides, and one man, and to auoid expences, would retire her selse to Naples to her Mother, who sheek new would thinke her company no trouble.

Shee gildes her language so well, that her Husband beginnes to relish the motion, and goes to his Vncle and gardian, and communicates it to him who likes well enough of the businesse; and gives the charge to Isabella, to finde Merchants, and make the bargaine with them, saying, he would authorize

thorize her, because her Husband was

yet in his minoritie:

You may imagine whether shee beflirred her selfe or no, or Hipolito of the other fide, who (having provided a Barke, Rigged, Victualled, and furnisht with all things necessary to make the voyage into Cypres, vpon the first day of April) goes confidently about with his Lacquey disguised, like Venetian Merchants, coasting the Country, to look out some place of retraite for himselfe neere his Mistresses house; and as there is no difficultie, but money passes through it, hee gaines by that baite, a Countrey fellow that dwelt in a little house, by a Wood's side; farre enough from neighbours, and onely three miles off from his Mistresse; where he remained till the period of his miffortune, faining himselfe fled out of Venice for certaine debts, and that during his absence, his friends were labou-· ring

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ring some reasonable composition for him, with his Creditours, his poore Hoste, for the profit hee received by him, could have wisht him still in bust nesse: having expressely forbidden those of his house, not to discover him to any one, served him with all things for himselse, and his Horses.

When hee went by night to fee his Mistresse (which was often) hee made his Host beleeue, that it was either to speake with some that negotiated for him, or to deliuer, or to receive letters at a place they were still by appoint-

ment left:

In the meane time, Isabella for her part was not idle, for having bargained for fine thousand crownes worth of timber, with Merchants that had the mony ready at an howers warning, and leased out a great part of her Husbands lands for certaine yeeres, for the receipt of fine thousand more, shee adnertized

uertized the Knight her Vncle of ir, and intreats of him to come the eighteenth of March, to see the covenants dispatcht for his Nephew, her Husband, at his house: whither hee came

the feuenteenth day, to dinner.

Hipolito and Ifabella had determined (this money being received, and lockt vp in her Cabinet, which they made account would be at the furtheft by the twentieth day) to depart the night following vpon Hipolite's Horfes, hee carrying his Mistresse behinde him; and his man, and her maid vpon another Horse, all laden with as much as they could carry in money, and Icwels, and gaine that night the Port Gaietta, and straight hoise vp the failes of the Barke that lay ready for them, accommodated at all points, as well with Linnen, Cloathes, Bookes, as all other necessary moueables.

The Knights two spies had so well

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watcht ouer the vnfortunate Tfabella, that they had heard fome one walking and talking in the night with her in her Cabinet, who they knew were none of her women, having found them both a fleepe in her gardrobe: befides, had further discouered, that Iulia did often times conney meat, and wine thither, without telling for whom : and at three or foure severall times, that it had rained in the night, they had tract the footing of some person, going and comming through the Garden, to the staire of the Cabinet, and thence to the parke gate, and the entrie thereof beaten with the footing of a Horfe.

All this is told to the Knight, foone after his arrivall, who without feeming to haue knowne any thing new; passes the rest of the day in discours of his Nephew's voyage; of the traine he should carry with him, of

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the government of his expences; and time of his stay abroad, and his returne.

The night being come, hee fent one of his men to watch without the Park gate, wich was faltned onely, but that of the Garden lockt euery night, commanding him to conceale himselfe all hee could, and speak to no man of ir, and if hee faw any one come in that way, to bring him present word. That night there appeared nothing ; the next morning betimes, the Marchants come, the couenants are past, and dispatcht, the last monies received and lockt into Habella's Cabinet, and early enough for her to aduertife Hipolico of it, by that meane they vied to beare from one another those daies they met not, which was by leaving their letters in a hollow tree in the Parke, where they fetcht, or fent for them at a fit houre. Hipolito fent his man thither that K 3

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that night at Supper time, who found a little note, containing the advertifement of all.

The night comming, the Knight fends his man againe as before. Miffortune and mischiese intentine to the ruine of these vnhappy loners, and meaning to fet them for patternes to thew how little anailes mans forefight, to withstand the Heauen's appointment : and that when we hold the end of our hopes neerest, and most certaine, tis then commonly, that we feele the events farthest off, and most contrary to our expectations : This mifchiefe (I fay) would that Hipolito, who now prefumed all things fo happily laid, as there wanted nothing but to goe to take his Ifabella, (and whom the long expectance of this fo defired houre, had made veterly impatient of any longer stay) came his accustomed way, at nine of the clock at night, hauing

of Hipolito and Isabella. 135 uing left his man, and Horses in the Parke.

The Knight's man having discovered them, comes to his master vndiscovered by any, tells him what hee had seene; hee sends him with two more of his men with Pistolls to make good the Parke gate and stay by force such as were gone in, or shoote them if they prest out, they found meanes to get out vndiscovered before the gates of the house where shut in.

The Knight went to bed, so did his Nephew soone after, and was as soone a sleepe; when he knew his mengone, this Knight rises, and sends a Gentleman of his, whom hee kept with him, for his Nephew's man, him hee commanded, to watch and bring him word, when his Neeces maides should bee gone out into her inner Chamber; which having done, he sends this Gentleman of his, commanding him with

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a fword drawne to keepe the women vpon their liues, from stirring out of the roome they were in, or making any noife, or exclamation, till they were fent for out. dellas one id berendo

Julia was within, with her Miftreffe in her Cabinet: In the meane time, plants himfelfe at the doore of the Cabinet, liftning what was done there. hee could heare speaking, but not the words opening and shutting of cofers, remouing of monies, and other things; at length, after a whiles flay, being neere eleven of the clock hee heard Iulta comming to the doore, faying: I will goe fee then Madam, if all the house be a fleepe, and take thefe purfes that I haue : and her Miltrelle answering her, flay not then, for tis time wee were gone; thereupon the maid halfe ope. ning the doore, perceived this man that preffes to enter in , which fhee from against, and during their contention,

tion, Hipolito saues himselfe by the staires into the garden, thinking that he not being taken, his Mistresse should runne no hazard: yet hee could not shift himselfe away so sodainely, but the Knight hauing borne ope the dore, might perceive him shutting the other after him.

His Nephew's man, that he had put to him, entred the Cabinet with him: as foone as I fabella faw that fellow, the could not hold from flying furioully at his face, with fuch injuryes as witness the beliefe she had of being discovered by him.

The Knight fends him to wake, and bring his Master, and sends a man hee had there of his owne in the next roome, along with Inlia, into the Chamber herselfe lay in, to the end, to gaine the truth out of her, more easily by

this feparation.

Nature then shewed sufficiently in

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this poore Lady, how shee pleases her felfe, often times to ftray from the course of her ordinary rules, and make to appeare in subjects wee esteeme weake and leffe perfect, high and great effects; shewing vs in this woman, how farre differing a foule from the vulgar, and capable of rare vertues, is often found in that fex: and how a resolution having once taken sure sooting in them, remaines commonly more firme, and immooueable, than in men; the then, in this croffe and vnexpected accident, instead of having recourse to Teares, and Praiers, (the refuge naturall to the weakenesse some impute to women) armed her felfe (contrarywife) with fuch an vnstirred affurance, as amazed her enemies : for this Vncle hauing set his dagger to her throat, and asking her who it was went downe the staires and whither shee was going, at fuch an houre with that money, which

which was part put up into bagges and fackes, and part foread upon the table: shee without shew of amazement, told him, that it was the fashion of a poore foul'd man, to speake to a woman with his armes in his hand, and that without more threatning it was an easie matter to kill one who relifted not; that neuer noble, nor honest minde, vsed to alorany part of his time, to fo base occupations, as to play the hourely eucl. droper and spie ouer the actions of an honest woman : that no body was gone downe the staires, but that shee then shut that doore, when her maid opened the other to go fetch purles, to put up the rest of that money vpon the table, to be lockt vp : that her bidding of her returne quickly, that they might be gone, was to dispatch her sooner to bed, because it was late.

The Husband being come, was not a little amazed at the newes his Vncle tels

tels him, which before hee dreamt not of: yet, even the Vncle himselfe, begins a little to stagger in his considence, seeing the constancy of this woman; when his man came to tell him, if Inlia might be assured her life, that shee

would confesse the truth.

The Knight leaves I fabella in guard, with this feruant of his, and his Gentleman, commanding them upon their lives, not to luffer her to rife out of a Chaire, where they made her fit; and thence, hee and his Nephew goes into the Chamber where Iulia was, where they were scarce entred, when she retaining of the base condition of a low feruile heart, fals full of teares at their feet, begging pardon; which is promifed her, vpona true relation of her Ladies practifes and intent, which thee made, and was forthwith brought to Habella, who beholding ber with them, and looking her in the face, guest how

how the matter went, and forcing to rife vp, faid; Ah falle treacher, why am I not fuffered yet before I die, to punish thy detestable disloyalty?

They made this maid auouch to

her all the had told them.

They ransackt her coffers, which were all open; in one of them they found all the letters Hipolito had written to her, bound vp by themselves; they found in another, her Iewels ranged together; and not farre off, two other little boxes of Mercury sublimate, and other poisons made into Pilles; in the vpper part of one of the Chests, they found laid in a place apparant enough to the sight, this following Euidence, written with her hand.

I know that the precipitation of your indgments is so sudden, so moved with passion, and weighing to the worser part:

part; %s that my departure shall bee no fooner knowne, than blamed of you; and my selfe condemned as an incestuous adulteresse, in leaving one, who is held to bee my Husband to goe away with him,

that is reputed my Vncle.

But I beefeech all thofe, before whofe eyes this Enidence shall come, that baning patience to read it, they will rather fettle their opinions wpon the certaine affurance of the trueth they finde in it, than upon the false appearance of a com. mon errour. 'Tis an exceeding greatgriefe to mee, that in defence of my innocence, I must discouer both my fault, and my shame, and inhumanly breake open the Sepulchre, and disease the bones of the dead, taint the bonour, and blemish the memory of her that brought mee into the World: But since I bane onely this meane, whereby to wash off the staine of my reputation, 1 beseech her Ghost to pardon mee, and both God and men not

to impute to impiety, and ingratisade, what I am compelled unto through ne-

sessity, and for my instification.

It is knowne, and I have learned, that the Lawes doe say, that onely the consent makes the marriage: which consent cannot proceed but from a voluntary and free will, and exempt from all force and constraint, the which being vsed therein, forbids what arises thence, to bee called a consent of the will; and consequently barres all possibility of establishing a marriage vpon the contrary of that whence onely it ought necessarily to come.

There is not any one that hath beene practified with any frequency in the businesses of our house, but must needs know what artifices, subtilities, what authority, and force, what threatnings and ill vsages, my Father (or hee whom I did esteeme for such) and those of whom I depended, have vsed towards mee, to make

make mee condescend to the Marriage with Signior Pompeio; their force and constraint, had the power to make mee his Concubine, not his wife; my will contradicting it, and the abilitie of becomming so, being taken from mee, having promised, and given my selfe before

for wife to Hipolito.

And since the Lawes permit such as enter into any Religion by force, who both doe, and sweare the obligation of those visuall vowes; since the Lawes (I say) doe give them the abilitie to dispence with those, and give over their orders; why shall not Marriage have the like power, whereof the promises cannot binde those more strictly who make them to men, than the vowes of Religion doe those that sweare them to God? I am not ignorant, that the common opinion enery one bath, that Hipolito as Brother to my Father, and therefore my Vncle, does therby conclude my Marri-

age with him unlawfull : But it is not fo long fince, but I may entreate some yet of this age to remember, that about eighteene or twenty yeeres since, the King fent to Naples the Marqueffe of Coria, a Spaniard, who stayed there some time, during which, he made lone to my Mother, and gained such interest in ber, as that during the absence of Signior Fabritio ber Husband, in a voyage bee made to bis Holineffe, his offettion bad arrived to what the affections of men doe visually pretend. For in this time I was begotten : 1 call God to witnesse of my words, and that I speake a perfect truth. My Mothers Nurse, and ber Sifter in law the Nunne, are yet both lining, who are neither of them ignorans bereof.

But to alledge a proofe that may at all simes bee produced, 1 affure my felfe, there may be found among the Registers of the Towne-Treazor, the day of the

departure

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departure of Signior Fabritio to Rome, and of his returne to Naples; and by his charges, and their discharge in his imployment, and the expedition hee obtained of his Holinesse, may bee seeme the day of my Birth in his papers, and that of my Baptisme in the Registers of the

Church where I received it.

Let these bee brought, and it will bee found that it cannot be I should bee his Daughter; since by the immoneable Lawes of Nature, a child (to line) must of necessity bee borne esther upon the seuenth, ninth, or eleventh month after Conception: And so farre was it from any of these, as in the beginning of the eighth after his returne, I was borne; a time altogether insufficient, and incapable of guing life to a child.

Being not Daughter to Fabritio, I am not Neece, nor of kinne to Hipolito: Now fince freedome and liberry begets the will, the will confent, and confent

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the Marriage; and that all this bath given mee for wife to Hipolito: Since no alliance can bee any barre betweene vs; fince force, or violence drawes, or workes no obligation; and fince by that onely, I was cast under the bondage and servitude of Pompeio: why shall it not bee lawfull for mee to redeeme my libertie, from the uniust uswrpation, of him that hath too long abused, and enioyed by violence, what was none of his; and restoremy selfe, into the hands of him to whom God, the Lawes, my Election, and my Faith hath givenme.

The sonteniment that I give my selfe, in being able to worke my release from mine enemies; makes me resolve to suffer with cheerefulnesse, all the iniuryes of Fortune, of the Heavens, of the Time, of Necessitie, and all that can happen me in a strang Clime: Where resolved to goe consine my selfe, and end the rest of my dayes; I beg of my friends no

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my Faith hath givenme.

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more, than to forget my name, and ima-

This Euidence being read, thee was asked, what thee intended with those poylons; thee faid, thee made them to take, if thee were purfued so narrowly, as thee could not faue her selfe; to the end, to barre her enemies the contentment, and preuent the mischiefe of fal-

ling aliue into their power.

After shee had confest much more, and more voluntarily, than shee was questioned; the Vncle said; since you determined to bee your owne executioner, and punish your owne dishonesty; it were pity (though you have beene preuented in the execution of so wicked an enterprise) that you should bee frustrated too, in the inst punishment, you have so well deserved, and so providently prepared for you selfe; and therefore you are speedily, by the means

meane of your owne appointment, to receive your death; wherewith taking one of the pilles, which her Vncle prefented her, the answered them ; it is for them that have either pleasure, or defire of life, to feeke the meanes to keep it; and for fuch as have loft both the one, and the other, to haften the end of it, and fie to death, which is fo farre from being a thing odious to mee, (being deprined of my Hipolito) as that (were ye as inclinable to pity, and should deny it mee, as you are bent to cruelty, and to give it me) I would befeech you, to let mee take it with my owne hands.

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* Now after all the trecherous and ignoble courses you have taken against mee; I must confesse my selfe much bound to you, for shortning my miserablelife, whose end, is as pleasing to mee, as the course hath beene unfortunate: hoping that as God doth afford

ford you by this meane, the triumph of your defires ouer me, and mee the end of my afflictions; hee will also please to give my soule her rest in eternall blisse, which I humbly crave of him, and that the long paines of my life, and vniust Martyrdome of my death, may obtaine mee his pittie, and my sinnes their pardon.

Shee spake these words with so resolute, and vnmoued a face, and sashion, that all those about her, were seized

with astonishment and pitty.

Her Vncle himselfe, and Husband began to speake to her, testifying a moderation of their doome, and rage; when she swallowed the pill, and with a nimble band taking two more, said, One is too few, and nothing is hard to doe that gives vs contentment, and barres our enemies the pleasure of a long vengeance.

Soone after, the force and quantitie

of the poylon wrought his effect; and feizing all the vitall parts, left her only power to speake these last words: Receive, receive, my Hipolito, these last proofes of my affection; and know by my death, what power a faithfull love hath in a soule resolved: and vpon that word yeelded vp the ghost, in the same chaire, where they had set her: leaving her memory no lesse admirable, for the constancy of her end, then remarkable, for the boldnesse of her desperate enterprise.

Here (Reader) with Isabella's end, would I end too; so wearied I am, with the already too sad relation of these vnhappy Louers fotunes, and most vnwilling to adde hereto, the lamentable end of the poore Hipolita, whom my Authour tels mee, his Isabella's death, made so desperate a despiter of his owne life, as to forsake all his hopes, meanes of sustenance, friends

and

and allies, and die an exile to his Coun-

trey for her reuenges fake.

For I finde that within few weekes after her death, hee flew her Husband and his Vncle vpon their way, in a iourney to Rome; for which fact, neither his Brothers (who being questioned about him, were driven to much trouble for him) nor any other friend, or his Country durst owne him : but hee was constrained (being opprest with extreme want) to returne himselfe into the State of Venice, where fine yeeres after Ifabella's death, to anoid starning, he was inforced to marry a Widdow that had some reasonable meanes to fultaine him a while with, but no more than what hee had in a short time so farre wasted, as shee (as well out of discontentment thereat, as also discouring perhaps withall, the many degrees of comparison betweene the love thee found hee bore her, and might

might imagine hee might beare to an Isabella, or one more worthy of him than shee, who was neither handsome, nor well natured) poysoned him, as it was thought, with a messe of broath, shee caused to bee made for him one morning, that he had taken a little Physick, for some indisposition of body he complained of.

There was found in his Study after his death, a table which it seemed, hee had not long before caused to be made, wherein there was painted his Habella lying along dead, with her eyes closed, and himselfe kneeling at her feet, with certaine verses under written; speaking (it seemes) to her eyes. The verses were

to this purpole.

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of Elipolity and Inbella

Sheepe in your lids (ye loved shades
Of my vailed sunnes;) I vow
Tis not to spare my blood, that thus
Is fill my teares on you.
Griese and affliction (only due
To me) are instly bent
To give me a wasting life, i endure
A lasting languishment.
That when mine eyes can weepe no more,
My heart might bleed; and I
(Because I lin'd the longer life)
A longer death might die.

FINIS.

